

D ESIGNED TO L EAD

# Series 24

**Forced Draft Steam or Water Boilers** 

#### INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

These instructions must be affixed on or adjacent to the boiler.

#### Models:

- 24-03
- 24-04
- 24-05
- 24-06
- 24-07
- **24-08**
- 24-09
- 24-10
- 24-11
- 24-12

#### **△WARNING**

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury, or loss of life. For assistance or additional information, consult a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier. This boiler requires a special venting system. Read these instructions carefully before installing.



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# IMPORTANT INFORMATION - READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR REFERENCE

All boilers must be installed in accordance with National, State and Local Plumbing, Heating and Electrical Codes and the regulations of the serving utilities. These Codes and Regulations may differ from this instruction manual. Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installations are made.

In all cases, reference should be made to the following Standards:

#### **USA BOILERS**

- A. Current Edition of American National Standard ANSI/NFPA 31, "Installation of Oil Burning Equipment", for recommended installation practices.
- B. Current Edition of National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1.
- C. Current Edition of American National Standard ANSI/NFPA 211, "Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents, and Solid Fuel Burning Appliances", For Venting requirements.
- D. Current Edition of American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME CSD-1, "Controls and Safety Devices for Automatically Fired Boilers", for assembly and operations of controls and safety devices.
- E. All wiring on boilers installed in the USA shall be made in accordance with the National Electrical Code and/or Local Regulations.

#### CANADIAN BOILERS

- A. Current Edition of Canadian Standards Association CSA B139, "Installation Code for Oil Burning Equipment", for recommended Installation Practices.
- B. The equipment shall be installed in accordance with the current Installation Code for Gas Burning Appliances and Equipment, CSA B149, and applicable Provincial Regulations for the class; which should be carefully followed in all cases.

  Authorities having jurisdiction should be consulted before installations are made.
- C. All wiring on boilers installed in Canada shall be made in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code and/or Local Regulations.

#### **Hazard definitions**

The following defined terms are used throughout this manual to bring attention to the presence of hazards of various risk levels or to important information concerning the life of the product.

#### **ADANGER**

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death, serious injury or substantial property damage.

#### **AWARNING**

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death, serious injury or substantial property damage.

#### **A** CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury or property damage.

#### NOTICE

Indicates special instructions on installation, operation, or maintenance which are important but not related to personal injury hazards.

#### **ADANGER**

DO NOT store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors or liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

If you smell gas or fuel oil vapors, do not try to operate the burner/boiler system. Do not touch any electrical switch or use any phone in the building. Immediately call the gas or oil supplier from a remotely located phone.

Burner/boiler systems produce steam or hot water in a pressurized vessel by mixing extremely flammable gaseous, liquid or solid fuels with air to produce combustion and very hot products of combustion. Explosions, fires severe personal injury, death and/or property damage will result from improper, careless or inadequate installation, operation or maintenance of fuel-burning and boiler equipment.

#### **△WARNING**

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Failure to follow all instructions in the proper order can cause personal injury or death. Read and understand all instructions, including all those contained in component manufacturers manuals which are provided with the appliance before installing, starting-up, operating, maintaining or servicing this appliance. Keep this manual and literature in legible condition and posted near appliance for reference by owner and service technician.

This boiler requires regular maintenance and service to operate safely. Follow the instructions contained in this manual.

Installation, maintenance, and service must be performed only by an experienced, skilled and knowledgeable installer or service agency.

All heating systems should be designed by competent contractors and only persons knowledgeable in the layout and installation of hydronic heating systems should attempt installation of any boiler.

It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to see that all controls are correctly installed and are operating properly when the installation is completed.

Installation is not complete unless a pressure relief valve is installed into the specified tapping on the supply manifold located on top and at rear of appliance - See Section III, Paragraph 33, 'e' of this manual for details.

This boiler is NOT suitable for installation on combustible flooring.

Do not tamper with or alter the boiler or controls. Retain your contractor or a competent serviceman to assure that the unit is properly adjusted and maintained.

Clean boiler at least once a year - preferably at the start of the heating season to remove soot and scale. The inside of the combustion chamber should also be cleaned and inspected at the same time.

Have Burner and Controls checked at least once a year or as may be necessitated. Do not operate unit with jumpered or absent controls or safety devices. Do not operate unit if any control, switch, component, or device has been subject to water.

Return water cannot be lower than 135°F for prolonged periods of time. Operation under these conditions will result in sustained condensing within the combustion chamber and potentially reduce boiler longevity. In addition, the return water cannot be introduced into the boiler if it is more than 40°F less than the idle boiler temperature. Continued operation under these conditions may result in premature boiler failure through thermal shock.

<u>Example:</u> A boiler that has been idle for some time since the last heat demand cycle may have it's boiler water temperature reduced to 150°F. The return temperature from the next zone activation cannot be less than 110°F.

If the above conditions exist, a Return Temperature Control system (or similar type of control system) must be installed to protect the boiler from sustained condensing operation and thermal shock.

#### **△WARNING**

Appliance materials of construction, products of combustion and the fuel contain alumina, silica, heavy metals, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, aldehydes and/or other toxic or harmful substances which can cause death or serious injury and which are known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm. Always use proper safety clothing, respirators and equipment when servicing or working nearby the appliance.

This boiler contains very hot water under high pressure. Do not unscrew any pipe fittings nor attempt to disconnect any components of this boiler without positively assuring the water is cool and has no pressure. Always wear protective clothing and equipment when installing, starting up or servicing this boiler to prevent scald injuries. Do not rely on the pressure and temperature gauges to determine the temperature and pressure of the boiler. This boiler contains components which become very hot when the boiler is operating. Do not touch any components unless they are cool.

This appliance must be properly vented and connected to an approved vent system in good condition. Do not operate boiler with the absence of an approved vent system.

This boiler needs fresh air for safe operation and must be installed so there are provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

The interior of the venting and air intake systems must be inspected and cleaned before the start of the heating season and should be inspected periodically throughout the heating season for any obstructions. Clean and unobstructed venting and air intake systems are necessary to allow noxious fumes that could cause injury or loss of life to vent safely and will contribute toward maintaining the boiler's efficiency.

This boiler is supplied with controls which may cause the boiler to shut down and not re-start without service. If damage due to frozen pipes is a possibility, the heating system should not be left unattended in cold weather; or appropriate safeguards and alarms should be installed on the heating system to prevent damage if the boiler is inoperative.

This boiler is designed to burn No. 2 fuel oil, natural and/or LP gas only. Do not use gasoline, crankcase drainings, or any oil containing gasoline. Never burn garbage or paper in this boiler. Do not convert to any solid fuel (i.e. wood, coal). All flammable debris, rags, paper, wood scraps, etc., should be kept clear of the boiler at all times. Keep the boiler area clean and free of fire hazards.

Probe and Float type low water cutoff devices require annual inspection and maintenance. Refer to instructions in Section V, Paragraph C for inspection and cleaning instructions.

#### NOTICE

This boiler has a limited warranty, a copy of which is in the information packet.

It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to see that all controls are correctly installed and are operating properly when the installation is complete. The warranty for this boiler is valid only if the boiler has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with these instructions.

#### NOTICE

All Series 24 cast iron boilers are designed, built, marked and tested in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IV, Heating Boilers. An ASME Data Label is factory applied to each Series 24 jacket, which indicates the boiler Maximum Allowable Working Pressure (MAWP). Each cast iron section is permanently marked with the MAWP listed on the boiler's ASME Data Label. Those values for the Series 24 are as follows:

MAWP, Steam - 15 psi MAWP, Water - 80 psi

It is common and acceptable practice to install these boilers in lower pressure systems, below the boiler MAWP. Therefore, Crown offers safety relief valves set at or below the MAWP of the boiler. See Table 1 for available safety relief valve set pressures.

# Important Product Safety Information Refractory Ceramic Fiber Product

#### **△WARNING**

The Repair Parts list designates parts that contain refractory ceramic fibers (RCF). RCF has been classified as a possible human carcinogen. When exposed to temperatures above 1805°F, such as during direct flame contact, RCF changes into crystalline silica, a known carcinogen. When disturbed as a result of servicing or repair, these substances become airborne and, if inhaled, may be hazardous to your health.

#### **AVOID Breathing Fiber Particulates and Dust**

#### **Precautionary Measures:**

Do not remove or replace RCF parts or attempt any service or repair work involving RCF without wearing the following protective gear:

- A National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) approved respirator
- 2. Long sleeved, loose fitting clothing
- 3. Gloves
- 4. Eye Protection
- Take steps to assure adequate ventilation.
- Wash all exposed body areas gently with soap and water after contact.
- Wash work clothes separately from other laundry and rinse washing machine after use to avoid contaminating other clothes.
- Discard used RCF components by sealing in an airtight plastic bag. RCF and crystalline silica are not classified as hazardous wastes in the United States and Canada.

#### **First Aid Procedures:**

- If contact with eyes: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention if irritation persists.
- If contact with skin: Wash affected area gently with soap and water. Seek immediate medical attention if irritation persists.
- If breathing difficulty develops: Leave the area and move to a location with clean fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention if breathing difficulties persist.
- Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water. Seek immediate medical attention.

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# SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

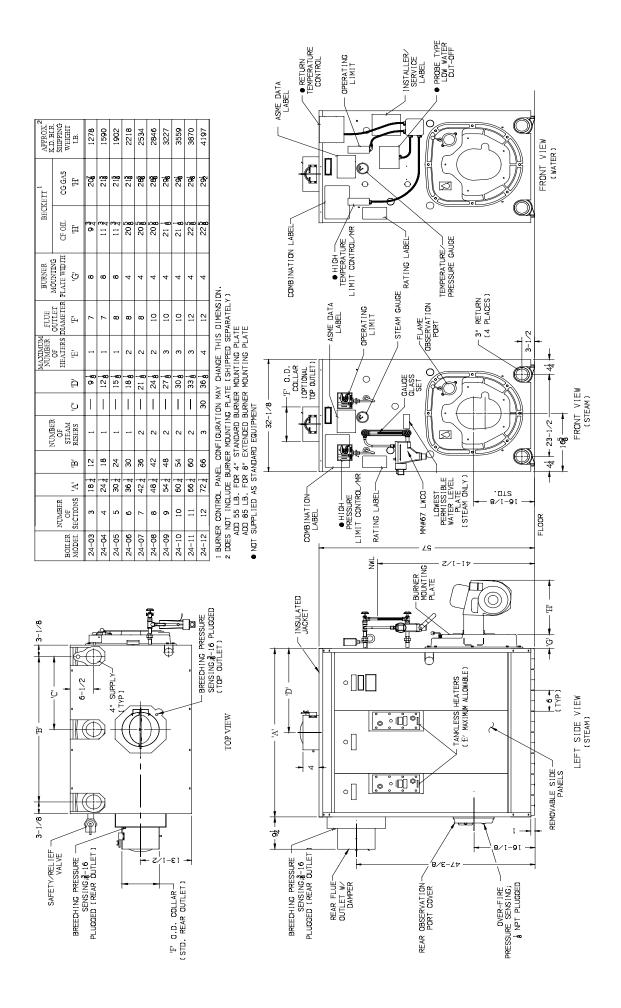


FIGURE 1: Dimensional Information

Table 1																
Series	eries 24 Ratings <sup>4</sup> CERTIFIED				Hea	ating					Boiler '	Weight	Nominal Vent			
	Burne	r Input	Gross	Net /	AHRI Ra	ting <sup>2</sup>		Sur	face	Fir	ebox	Water (	Content	with \		Dia.
Boiler Model⁵	Oil <sup>1</sup>	Gas	Output	Ste	am	Water	Boiler	Steam	Water	Vol <sup>3</sup>	Press.	Steam	Water	Steam	Water	(in.)
	(GPH)	(MBH)	(MBH)	Sq. Ft.	MBH	МВН	Horse Power	(fi	t <sup>2</sup> )	(ft³)	(in. w.c.)	(G	al)	(Ib	s)	(111.)
24-03WO	3.05		356			310	10.2		37.0	3.2	.33		66.0		1618	7
24-03SO	3.05		348	261	1088		10.2	34.2		3.2	.33	44.5		1439		7
24-04*O	4.10		471	353	1471	410	14.1	48.6	54.3	4.8	.38	53.0	75.0	1811	1995	7
24-05*O	5.50		634	476	1983	551	18.9	63.0	71.5	6.4	.31	61.5	84.0	2184	2372	8
24-06*O	6.90		797	598	2492	693	23.8	77.5	88.8	7.9	.38	70.0	93.0	2557	2749	8
24-07*O	8.10		937	703	2929	815	28.0	91.9	106.0	9.5	.36	78.5	102.0	2930	3126	8
24-08*O	9.40		1087	815	3396	945	32.5	106.3	123.3	11.0	.35	87.0	111.0	3303	3503	10
24-09*O	11.40		1316	992	4133	1144	39.3	120.7	140.5	12.6	.35	95.5	120.0	3676	3880	10
24-10*O	13.00		1505	1149	4788	1309	45.0	135.1	157.8	14.2	.40	104.0	129.0	4048	4257	10
24-11*O	14.60		1690	1303	5429	1470	50.5	149.5	175.0	15.7	.45	112.5	138.0	4421	4634	12
24-12*O	16.00		1852	1396	5817	1610	55.3	164.0	192.3	17.3	.49	121.0	147.0	4794	5011	12
24-03WG		440	356			310	10.2		37.0	3.2	.33		66.0		1618	7
24-04*G		594	476	357	1488	414	14.1	48.6	54.3	4.8	.38	53.0	75.0	1811	1995	7
24-05*G		792	634	476	1983	551	18.9	63.0	71.5	6.4	.31	61.5	84.0	2184	2372	8
24-06*G		990	793	595	2479	690	23.8	77.5	88.8	7.9	.38	70.0	93.0	2557	2749	8
24-07*G		1174	940	705	2938	817	28.0	91.9	106.0	9.5	.36	78.5	102.0	2930	3126	8
24-08*G		1358	1089	817	3404	947	32.5	106.3	123.3	11.0	.35	87.0	111.0	3303	3503	10
24-09*G		1641	1316	992	4133	1144	39.3	120.7	140.5	12.6	.35	95.5	120.0	3676	3880	10
24-10*G		1867	1497	1142	4758	1302	45.0	135.1	157.8	14.2	.40	104.0	129.0	4048	4257	10
24-11*G		2093	1681	1295	5396	1462	50.5	149.5	175.0	15.7	.45	112.5	138.0	4421	4634	12
24-12*G		2320	1863	1404	5850	1620	55.3	164.0	192.3	17.3	.49	121.0	147.0	4794	5011	12

<sup>1.</sup> Input based #2 fuel oil with a higher heating value of 140,000 BTU/Gal.

Maximum Allowable Working Pressure: Steam Boiler - 15 PSI, Water Boiler - 50 PSI Standard Safety (Relief) Valve Set Pressure: Steam Boiler - 15 PSI, Water Boiler - 30 PSI

<sup>2.</sup> Net AHRI Water Ratings shown are based on an allowance of 1.15. Net AHRI steam ratings are based on a piping and pich-up allowance of 1.33. The manufacturer should be consulted before selecting a boiler for installations having unusual piping and pickup requirements, such as intermittent system operation, extensive piping systems, etc.

<sup>3.</sup> Firebox volume does not include added volume of 8" extended burner mounting plate (BMP). If 8" BMP is specified (refer to Figure 1), add 0.7 cu. ft. to volume listed above.

<sup>4.</sup> Boiler ratings are based on 12.5% CO2 (oil) and 9.7% CO2 (natural gas), + 0.10" (inches) water column pressure at boiler flue outlet. Ratings shown above apply at altitudes up to 1000 feet on oil and 2000 feet on gas. For altitudes above those indicated, the ratings should be reduced at the rate of 4% for each 1000 feet above

<sup>5.</sup> In model numbers containing asterisk (\*) substitute \* with "W" for water or "S" for steam.

#### SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

- **A. INSPECT SHIPMENT** carefully for any signs of damage.
  - ALL EQUIPMENT is carefully manufactured, inspected and packed. Our responsibility ceases upon delivery of crated boiler to the carrier in good condition.
  - ANY CLAIMS for damage or shortage in shipment must be filed immediately against the carrier by the consignee. No claims for variances from, or shortage in orders, will be allowed by the manufacturer unless presented within sixty (60) days after the receipt of goods.

#### B. LOCATE THE UNIT

- 1. RECOMMENDED SERVICE CLEARANCE
  - Locate the unit in the boiler room so as to provide ease of venting and adequate clearance for maintenance, serviceability, and installation of piping. Refer to Figure 1 for boiler dimensional data
  - FRONT Provide 43" service clearance for removal, maintenance, and servicing of burner and controls.
  - REAR Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket for access to flame observation port, rear flue damper and vent piping, relief valve, and boiler return piping. See Table III.
  - LEFT SIDE Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket of 26" for cleaning of flueways and installation and removal of tankless heater(s).
  - RIGHT SIDE Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket of 12".
  - TOP Provide a minimum clearance from the boiler jacket of 24"

#### NOTICE

Recommended clearance for service may be reduced to minimum clearance to combustible material. However, increased service and maintenance difficulty will result.

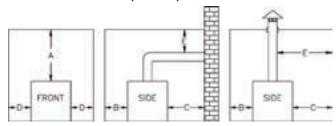
#### **AWARNING**

This boiler is <u>NOT</u> suitable for installation on combustible floor.

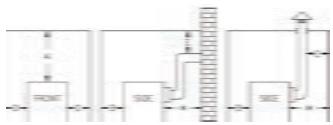
Floor construction should have adequate load bearing characteristics to bear the weight of the boiler filled with water (see Table 1). A boiler foundation similar to the one shown in Figure 2 is recommended if the boiler room floor is weak or uneven or if a water condition exists.

- 2. FOR MINIMUM CLEARANCES to combustible materials. See Table II.
- 3. PROVIDE ADEQUATE FOUNDATION for the unit. Refer to Figure 2.

Table II: Minimum Clearances To Combustible Materials (Inches)



**Boilers with Top Flue Outlet** 



**Boilers with Rear Flue Outlet** 

Α	В	С	D	Е
Above	Front	Rear	Sides	Vent Connector
6	24	6	6	18

<sup>\*</sup> See Table III for Recommended Service Clearance to access rear of boiler

#### NOTES:

- Listed clearances comply with American National Standard ANSI/NFPA 31, Installation of Oil Burning Equipment.
- This boiler can be installed in rooms with clearances from combustible material as listed above. Listed clearances cannot be reduced for alcove or closet installations.
- 3. For reduced clearances to combustible material, protection must be provided as described in the above ANSI/NFPA 31 Standard.

**Table III: Recommended Rear Service Clearance** 

Flue	Тор	Rear	Flue Outlet
Outlet Size	Flue Outlet	Combustible Surfaces	Non-Combustible Surfaces
7" Dia.	18"	37"	22"
8" Dia.		38"	23"
10" Dia.		40"	25"
12" Dia.		43"	28"

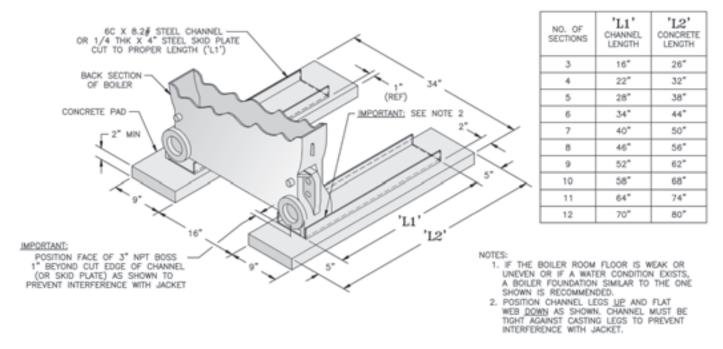


Figure 2: Boiler Foundation

#### **AWARNING**

Failure to supply adequate air to the boiler will result in unsafe boiler operation.

#### C. PROVIDE AIR SUPPLY AND VENTILATION to accommodate proper combustion.

For commercial and industrial equipment, permanent facilities for supplying an ample amount of outside air shall be provided in accordance with the following.

For boiler rooms adjacent to outside walls, and where combustion air is provided by natural ventilation from the outside, there shall be a permanent air supply inlet having a total free area of not less than 1 sq. inch per 4,000 Btu per hr. (35 sq. inch per gallon per hour) (5.5 cm² per kw.) of total input rating of the burner or burners and in no case less than 35 sq. inch (0.425m²).

For boiler rooms not adjacent to outside walls, the combustion air shall be supplied in a manner acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction.

- In the absence of local requirements, the confined space shall be provided with two permanent openings, one in or near the top of the room and one near the bottom. The openings shall communicate by means of ducts, with the outdoors or to such spaces (crawl or attic) that communicate with the outdoors.
  - a. Where communicating by means of vertical ducts, each opening shall have a free area of not less than 1 sq. inch per 4,000 Btuh (35 sq. inch per gph) (5.5 cm² per kw) of total input rating of all appliances in the enclosure.

b. If horizontal ducts are used, each opening shall have a free area of not less than 1 sq. inch per 2,000 Btuh (70 sq. inch per gph.) (11 cm<sup>2</sup> per kw) of total input of all appliances in the enclosure.

#### D. CHIMNEY OR VENT

#### **AWARNING**

When a Series 24 gas fired boiler is connected to a venting system that is designed so that it will operate under a negative pressure, the use of Type C, B, or other manufactured vent systems designed for negative pressure is acceptable.

When a Series 24 oil fired or combination gas/oil fired boiler is connected to a venting system that is designed so that it will operate under a negative pressure, the use of Type C, L or other manufactured vent systems designed for negative pressure is acceptable.

Unlined masonry chimneys are not acceptable. Lined masonry chimneys are acceptable with the appropriate vent connectors using materials described above.

#### **AWARNING**

When a Series 24 gas fired boiler is connected to a venting system that is designed so that it will operate under a positive pressure, manufactured vent systems, designed and approved for positive pressure application per UL1738, must be used (for example, Van-Packer model CS, Protech Model FasNSeal / FasNSeal W2, Heatfab Saf-T-Vent or equivalent).

When a Series 24 oil fired or combination gas/oil fired boiler is connected to a venting system that is designed so that it will operate under a positive pressure, manufactured vent systems, designed and approved for positive pressure application, must be used (for example, Selkirk Metalbestos Model PS / IPS, Van-Packer Model ES or equivalent).

This boiler is designed for forced draft firing and may be used with a conventional natural draft stack (15' minimum height) or a stub vent, sometimes called a diesel stack (see Figure 3a). See Table I for the proper vent outlet size. For low silhouette vent terminations, see Figure 3b. Draft controls are not normally required, although they may be used on installations where a natural draft stack is used or on multiple boiler installations with a common stack. The boiler is provided with a breeching damper, which should be adjusted to maintain a positive pressure of 0.1" W.C. in the vent connector box during burner high fire operation (see breeching pressure sensing port in Figure 1).

If the venting system is designed for positive or forced

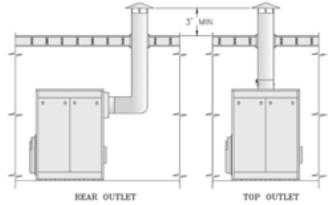


Figure 3a: Typical Arrangement for Stub Vent

draft venting, the boiler, vent connector and stack will operate under positive pressure. Gas tight vent systems designed for pressure systems must be used to prevent flue by-product leakage. The vent height is usually limited to prevent negative draft, typically three (3) feet above the roof line (see Figure 3a). The damper shall be adjusted to maintain a positive pressure of 0.1" W.C. in the vent connector box during burner high fire operation (see breeching pressure sensing port in Figure 1).

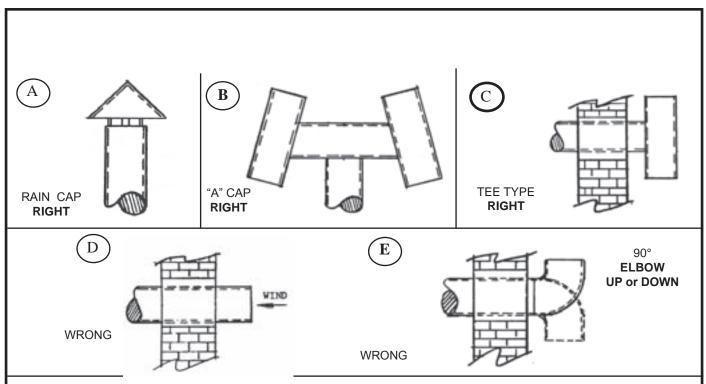
If the venting system is designed for negative pressure (natural draft), the boiler still operates with positive pressure in the chamber and up to the fixed damper on the flue collar. However, if the venting system is larger than what is required, the stack will provide a surplus draft (or negative pressure) that may require the use of a barometric damper to maintain the positive 0.1" W.C. pressure at the flue outlet. Multiple forced draft boiler stacks should always be designed as negative to ensure the products of combustion do not exit a boiler that is not firing.

#### **AWARNING**

Venting instructions are guidelines only. Consult a venting expert on the design of a specific vent system for your application. The ASHRAE Venting Guide and The National Fuel Gas Code, NFPA 54 should be considered in all venting systems.

Conventional vent material may not be suitable for the application. Flue gases can leak carbon monoxide from the joints on these materials and can result in severe personal injury or death.

Installations having long horizontal runs or an excessive amount of tees or elbows will restrict the flow of combustion gases and can result in condensation, flue gas leakage of carbon monoxide, resulting in severe personal injury or death.



**VENT SIZING** - Area must be the same as or greater than the boiler breeching (Smoke Outlet). A barometric damper may be required on installations with a high draft condition.

#### FAULTY BOILER BURNER OPERATION

- 1. If improper vent is suspected, remove pipe at breeching and operate boiler. This will determine if excessive down draft, blocked or restricted flue, etc. is causing the problem.
- 2. If using type shown in A above, be sure cap is raised sufficiently above main pipe to allow flue gases to vent unimpeded.
- 3. A popular type cap is shown in B.
- 4. The tee is frequently used as shown in C.
- 5. D and E should not be used due to possible fluctuations in back pressure.

Figure 3b: Vents — Faults & Suggestions
Typical Vents that are used on Forced Draft Boilers, on Low Silhouette Buildings

#### SECTION II - CAST IRON BLOCK ASSEMBLY (KNOCKDOWN ONLY)

#### **A** CAUTION

Boiler sections must be drawn-up on perfectly level surface or improper assembly may result.

- A. FIELD ASSEMBLED SECTIONS If the boiler was ordered to be field assembled, follow the assembly procedure outlined on the following pages.
  - 1. ASSEMBLY OF SECTIONS (MANUAL DRAW-UP)

These sections are designed to be drawn together, one section at a time, using the 9¾" long draw-up rods (provided) and ordinary hand tools.

Tools required:

- (1) 3/4" Drive Ratchet
- (1) 1-1/16" Socket
- (1) 1-1/16" Combination or Open End Wrench
- (1) Container of grease, oil or other appropriate lubricant.



When assembling sections without hydraulic draw-up equipment, never assemble more than one section at a time.

- a. Place the rear section in its approximate final position, as outlined in Section I, and support it with a suitable prop and wedges. See Figure 5.
- b. On size 24-03 only— Open target wall carton, apply Silastic to back of target wall and secure target wall to rear section.
- c. Clean the groove in the ground joint along the edge of the section with the wire brush.
- d. Open the Boiler Assembly Carton(s) and remove the bottle of adhesive. Using the dauber supplied

NUMBER OF SECTIONS	LIFTING WEIGHT (LBS)	MIN. SLING LENGTH 'L'
3	908	7"
4	1194	7"
5	1480	7"
6	1766	8'
7	2052	8'
8	2338	8'
9	2624	9'
10	2910	9'
11	3196	9'
12	3482	10"

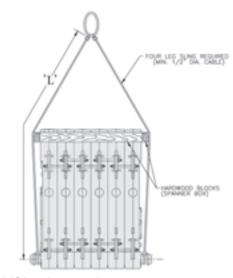


Figure 4: Lifting Instruction

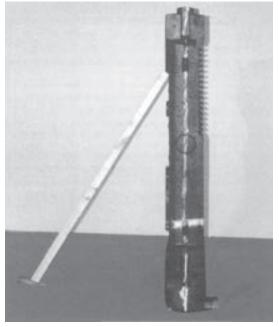


Figure 5: Positioning of Back Section

in the bottle, apply the adhesive to the groove. Be sure to use enough adhesive to sufficiently coat the entire groove surface. If so desired, a multi-purpose spray adhesive (supplied by others) may be used instead. HOWEVER, GREAT CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE ADHESIVE DOES NOT COME IN CONTACT WITH THE NIPPLES OR NIPPLE PORTS.

- e. While the adhesive is becoming tacky, clean nipples and nipple ports thoroughly with a degreasing solvent. Use the Loctite #592 provided to lubricate the nipples and nipple ports. Apply the lubricant to the nipples and nipple ports, then use a brush to disperse it evenly around the nipples and the nipple ports. Use approximately 25 ml of Loctite #592 per flueway [(1) 7" and (2) 3" nipples and their (6) corresponding nipple ports].
- f. Drive nipples squarely into section using block of wood and hammer, or preferably, an aluminum head hammer. (Crown offers a Polyethylene Block for setting the nipples, part number 8052601). Place block over entire nipple edge and hit the wood with the hammer.

#### NOTICE

Nipples must be driven in evenly and to the proper depth to assure tight joints. Most nipple leaks are caused by tilted or cocked nipples.

DO NOT use steel/iron head hammer to drive nipples without using a wood block. Nipple damage may result.

g. A special nipple setting gauge is provided for the nipples. Gauge nipple at 90° angles to insure that it is driven to the proper depth into the nipple opening (nipple port). Cut-out in gauge must rest on nipple, with legs of gauge touching finished face of section, when nipple is properly driven. See Figure 6.

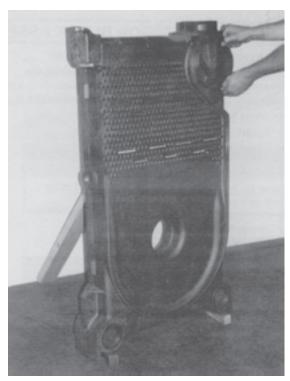


Figure 6: Setting of Nipples

h. Remove a 96" length of fiberglass rope from the assembly carton. Starting with the area around the upper 7" nipple port, firmly press the rope into the groove, so that the adhesive holds it in place. (If more than 25 minutes have passed since the adhesive was applied, it may be necessary to reapply.) Continue to affix the rope to the groove in this fashion around the perimeter of the section. Make sure that the rope does not droop or hang outside of the groove. When the end of the groove is reached, cut off the excess rope. Push the length of excess rope into the groove at the top corner of the section face (opposite of the 7" nipple port.) Cut off and discard any remaining rope after groove is filled. See Figure 7.

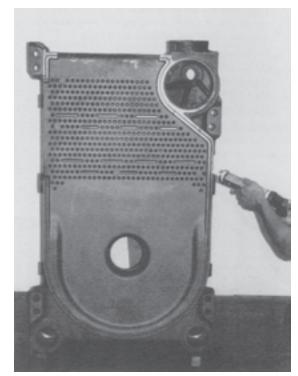


Figure 7: Affixing the Fiberglass Rope

#### NOTICE

The sections must be assembled according to the arrangement shown to ensure proper operation, proper assembly of canopy, jacket and alignment of piping and tankless heaters with jacket knockouts. Start with the back section and work towards the front.

i. From the "Section Arrangement" chart, select the next section according to the "Identification Code" at the top of the chart. See Figure 8. Use a wire brush to clean the groove in the face of the next section. Then, using a cartridge of RTV 6500 or RTV 736 sealant in a caulking gun, fill the groove in this section with silastic sealant. Touch-up any missed spots before draw-up. Touch-up after draw-up has no value.

#### **△WARNING**

Sections must be drawn-up tight immediately after properly applying sealant for best results. Although sections may be joined within two (2) hours of applying sealant, humidity and temperature affect cure time. If a "thick skin" has been formed on the sealant bead, remove and re-apply sealant.

Sealant must be properly applied to ALL boiler joints. Failure to properly seal the boiler joints will result in combustion gas leaks through the joint. DO NOT operate boiler with combustion gas leaks.

#### **BOILER SECTION IDENTIFICATION CODE**

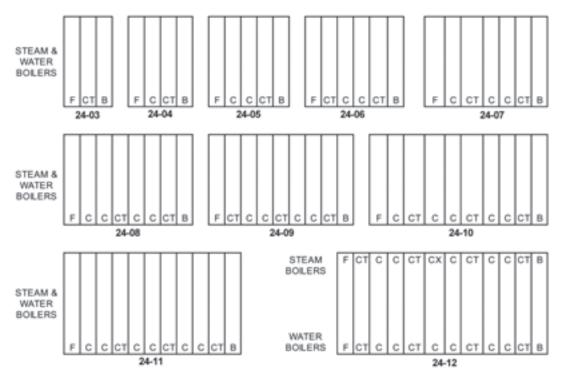
F = FRONT SECTION WITH 4" SUPPLY TAPPING

B = BACK SECTION WITH 4" SUPPLY TAPPING

C = CENTER SECTION

CX = CENTER SECTION WITH 4" TOP SUPPLY TAPPING

CT = CENTER SECTION WITH HEATER OPENING



NOTES: FOR BOILERS LESS TANKLESS HEATER, REPLACE THE "CT" SECTIONS WITH "C" SECTIONS. TANKLESS SECTIONS: IF BOILER CAN TAKE MULTIPLE TANKLESS COILS, BUT NOT ALL TANKLESS COILS WILL BE USED, INSTALL COILS TOWARDS BACK OF BOILER, FOLLOWING SECTION ARRANGEMENT CHART.

Figure 8: Series 24 Section Arrangement

- j. Clean and lubricate nipple ports on next section to be assembled and place on nipples previously installed in rear section. To facilitate assembly, it is advisable to enter the upper nipple first in its port. Then enter the lower nipples in their respective ports. If necessary, place a lifting bar (crowbar) under the center of the section and lift the nipple port onto the upper nipple.
- k. Drive sections in place with a heavy block of wood, striking blows as squarely as possible over nipple port.
- 1. The large draw-up rod lugs with dual holes are cast in the four (4) corners of each casting. STARTING WITH THE UPPER HOLES, install four (4) 5/8" x 93/4" long draw-up rods along with washers and nuts (see Figure 9).

#### NOTICE

To avoid damage to the draw-up rod threads while drawing up sections, apply oil or other lubricant to tie rod threads while assembling sections to prevent stripping of threads on rod and to make assembling easier.

m. DRAW UP SECTION SLOWLY AND EVENLY using an alternating pattern starting with the upper right lug (closest to the 7" port) and proceeding to the lower left, lower right and finishing with upper left lug. When you start, grind surfaces between adjoining sections should be approximately 3/8" apart. Use three (3) or four (4) passes at tightening the four (4) draw-up rods a little at a time so that sections are pulled up evenly. During the last pass, pay close attention to the silastic sealant as it squeezes when the sections come in close contact. The silastic sealant should continue to squeeze out wafer thin until the sections are connected metal to metal. If the silastic has stopped squeezing out from the connection and the sections still do not appear to be drawn metal to metal, use a feeler gauge to measure any gaps at the locations identified in Figure 9. (Unless specified otherwise, gaps should be measured at these locations on both sides of the sections.) A maximum gap of .025" is acceptable. Measure gaps at the outer edge of the connection only, making sure not to puncture the gasket created by the silastic and rope.

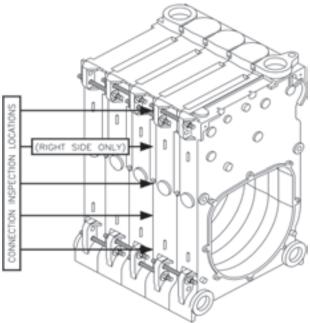


Figure 9: Connection Inspection Locations and Manual Draw-Up Tie Rod Pattern

#### NOTICE

When tightening the draw-up nuts, DO NOT EXCEED 150 FT-LB OF TORQUE. If the maximum torque limit has been reached and a gap greater than .025" still exists between the sections, consult the regional office.

KEEP NIPPLES ALIGNED WITH NIPPLE PORTS. If necessary, tap edge of nipples lightly with a blunt tool or rod to keep nipples from cocking while sections are being drawn-up. DO NOT DRAW UP SECTION WHEN NIPPLES ARE COCKED. If the torque required becomes excessive, periodically place a heavy block of wood over each nipple port and strike as squarely as possible with several blows to relieve tension on the draw-up rods.

- n. CONTINUE ASSEMBLING SECTIONS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE ORDER alternating draw-up rods from the upper to lower set of holes in draw-up lugs (see Figure 13). Be certain that all sections are drawn up iron-to-iron at all three (3) nipple ports.
  - BE SURE TO APPLY THE SEALANT to the groove in the ground joints between adjacent sections as the boiler operates with a positive pressure in the firebox and products of combustion will escape between sections unless the sections are properly sealed. The sealant should be applied before each section is placed on the assembly.
- o. If a joint springs apart it must be redrawn tight within four (4) hours of the time of application of Silastic to that joint.

- p. EXCESS LENGTH OF DRAW-UP RODS must not extend beyond front and rear section to ensure proper fit of jacket, adjust accordingly.
- q. After all sections have been drawn up, the draw-up rod nuts should be loosened until finger tight and then tightened ½ turn with a wrench.
- r. Now Proceed to Paragraph C of this Section, Hydrostatic Test.

# 2. ASSEMBLY OF SECTIONS (HYDRAULIC DRAW-UP)

The entire boiler assembly may be drawn up at one time using hydraulic draw-up equipment providing the operation is completed within two (2) hours after application of the sealant.

- a. Repeat steps 1a through 1k under "Field Assembled Sections (Manual Draw-Up)."
- b. Continue driving sections in place (in their respective order) until all sections are in the assembly. Ground surfaces between adjoining sections should be spaced 1/4" to 3/8" apart. Spacing of more than 3/8" will limit number of sections that can be drawn up in one unit and could indicate cocked nipples.

#### **△WARNING**

Sealant must be properly applied to ALL boiler joints. Failure to properly seal the boiler joints will result in combustion gas leaks through to joint. DO NOT operate boiler with combustion gas leaks. The sealant should be applied before each section is placed on the assembly.

On long boiler assemblies, it may be necessary to draw-up a partial block if the entire boiler is not ready to be drawn-up tight within two (2) hours of the first application of Silastic. If the block assembly time extends overnight, the partial block completed must be drawn-up tight before leaving the boiler overnight. If a joint springs out, it must be redrawn tight within four (4) hours of first application of Silastic to the joint.

- c. Insert the three (3) ¾" draw-up rods (and couplings, if appropriate) through the tapped holes in the rear section extending them through the tapped holes in the front section. Be sure to screw draw-up rods into couplings far enough to prevent stripping threads.
- d. Place a 3" x 12" lg. steel channel on each end of the upper draw-up rod and a 3" x 8½" lg. steel channel on each end of the lower draw-up rods. Refer to Figures 10 and 11 for proper placement of channel block during assembly procedures. Install nuts and washers on one end of the drawup rods and the hydraulic rams, washers and

draw-up rod clamps on the other. These items are all located in the Draw-Up Kit. See Figure 12.

#### NOTICE

Do not apply pressure directly on threaded tappings on front and rear sections with draw-up channels during assembly procedures.

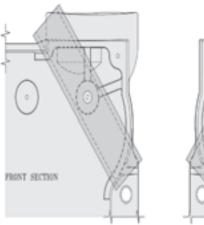
Rods should be approximately centered in

Rods should be approximately centered in openings so that rods and couplings (when used) do not drag on pipe thread in end section tappings.

#### **△WARNING**

READ THE STATEMENTS BELOW BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO USE HYDRAULIC EQUIPMENT.

- Release pressure in ram pumps before attempting to remove clamps.
- Do not stand in line with draw-up rods at either end when hydraulic pressure is being applied.
   As a safety measure, ends of draw-up rods should be covered while sections are being drawn in case rods should snap while under tension.
- · Do not operate ram against draw-up coupling.
- Do not operate pump after ram has reached stroke limit.



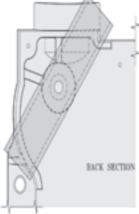


Figure 10: Front and Rear Section Channel Block Positions (Hydraulic Draw-Up)

- e. Draw-Up Sections
  - Use hydraulic rams to draw up sections by applying pressure alternately on the draw-up rods. When rams reach stroke limit, release pressure in ram pumps and then move clamps to new position.
- f. Continue to draw-up until all sections make contact at the ground joints.
- g. After all sections have been drawn up, but before removing the hydraulic rams and draw-up rods, the 934" long tie rods must be installed.

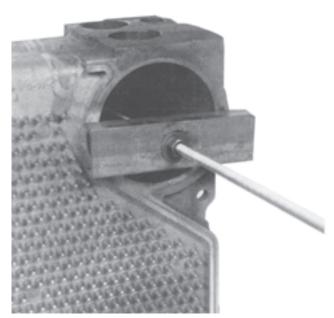


Figure 11: Center Section Channel Block Position (Partial Block Draw-Up)

The large draw-up rod lugs with dual holes cast in the four (4) corners of each casting. Starting with the upper holes in the back section, install four (4) 5/8" x 9¾" long tie rods along with washers and nuts. Continue installing the tie rods alternating from the upper to lower set of holes in draw-up lugs until front section is secured. Be certain that all sections are drawn up IRON TO IRON at all three nipple ports.

- h. Excess length of draw-up rods must not extend beyond front and rear section to ensure proper fit of jacket, adjust accordingly. **Tighten all tie rod nuts until finger tight.** Then tighten them an additional ½ turn with a wrench.
- **B. HYDROSTATIC TEST** After the boiler sections have been assembled, it is essential that the boiler be hydrostatically tested before the canopy, flue cover plates, jacket, or piping is installed.
  - Tankless Heater Installation
     If boiler is ordered with tankless heaters, install heaters with the gaskets provided. Table IV gives the maximum number of heaters permissible per assembly and the heater ratings.
  - 2. Plug all boiler tappings and fill boiler completely with cold water.

#### **A** CAUTION

DO NOT install gauge until after hydrostatic testing the boiler. Gauge failure may result.

3. All completed boilers must satisfactorily pass the prescribed hydrostatic test.

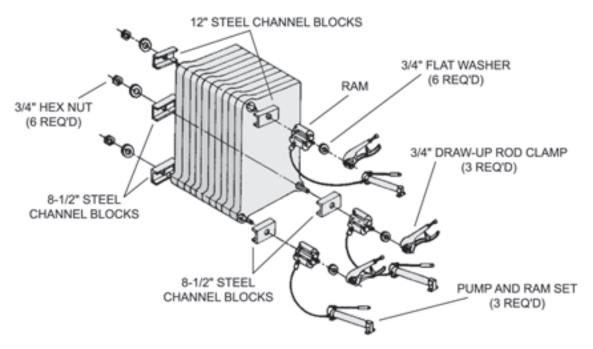


Figure 12: Hydraulic Draw-Up Sections

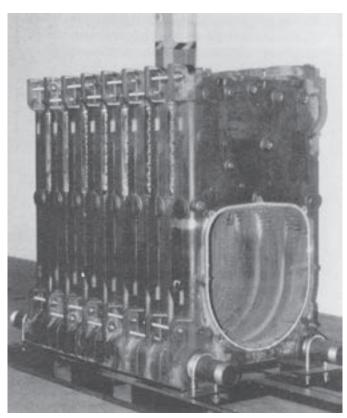


Figure 13: Boiler Section Assembly

- a. STEAM BOILERS: The assembled boiler must be subjected to a hydrostatic test of 45 psig to 55 psig.
- b. HOT WATER BOILERS: The assembled boiler must be subjected to a hydrostatic test of not less than 1½ times the maximum allowable working pressure, as established by the relief valve provided with the boiler. For example, a boiler with a 50 psi relief valve must be subjected to a test pressure of 75 psig to 85 psig.

#### **△WARNING**

Failure to properly hydrotest all boilers at the correct pressure may result in section assembly failure in operation.

- 4. EXAMINE BOILER CAREFULLY, INSIDE AND OUTSIDE, to insure against leaks from cocked nipples or through concealed breakage caused in shipping and handling. This precaution is for your protection and will simplify handling of necessary replacements and adjustment claims.
- 5. After making certain that there are no leaks, drain boiler and remove plugs for boiler trim and other connections.

#### SECTION III - INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

# **A.** INSTALL CANOPY/FLUE OUTLET ASSEMBLY, Refer to Figures 14, 15 and 16.

- 1. Open canopy carton.
- 2. Attach the two (2) canopy brackets to the front end cap of canopy with four (4) #10 x 1/2" sheet metal screws each.
- 3. Across the top of the front section and along the top ledges running back each side of the sections, place continuous 2" wide strips of cerafelt and overlap joints at front corners. Cerafelt strip should extend 1/4" beyond rear surface of back section. Cut off excess.
- 4. Place the canopy on the sections.
- 5. Position rear flange (end with studs) of canopy flush with rear surface of back section.
- 6. Loosely attach the canopy brackets to the lugs on the front section of the block assembly with 5/16" carriage bolts, flat washers and locknuts.
- 7. Check to see if rear flange of canopy is still flush with raised flange on back section.
- 8. Open either the rear flue outlet carton (standard) or top flue outlet carton (optional).
- 9. Attach the 1/8" x 1" wide self-adhesive fiber gasket to the surface of either the rear flue outlet damper assembly or rear flue outlet cover that mounts against the canopy and back section. Gasket must be centered over all attachment holes. Do not overlap corners, cut butt joints.
- 10. Attach either the rear flue outlet damper assembly or rear outlet canopy cover to the canopy with the 5/16" flat wasters, lock-washers and brass nuts and tighten securely. Attach the rear flue outlet damper assembly or cover to the back section with the four (4) 5/16" flat washers and cap screws and tighten securely.
- 11. Tighten front canopy carriage bolt until canopy is secure.
- 12. On the longer canopy sizes, Intermediate Mounting Brackets are provided, two (2) are required on sizes 24-07 thru 24-09 and four (4) are required on sizes 24-10 thru 24-12. Refer to Figures 17 and 18.
  - a. Intermediate brackets are shipped flat. Bend side flanges down approximately 90° as shown. Adjust bends until holes in bracket match hole pattern on canopy.
  - b. Secure brackets to both sides of canopy with three (3) #10 x ½" sheet metal screws per bracket.
  - Secure canopy left side bracket(s) with appropriate canopy 'J' bolt(s). Insert threaded end through holes in brackets and hook 'J' bolt on center section draw-up rod (hooks should

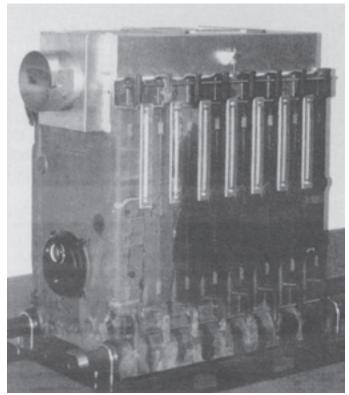


Figure 14: Canopy with Rear Flue Outlet Damper Assembly (Shown on optional steel shipping skid)

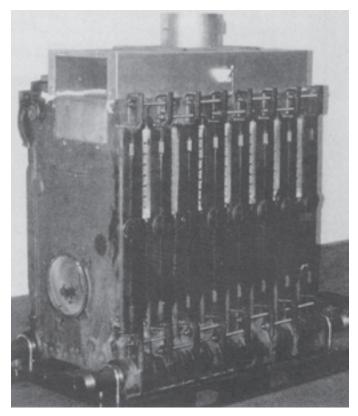


Figure 15: Canopy with Top Flue Outlet Damper Assembly (Rear Cover Removed) (Shown on optional steel shipping skid)

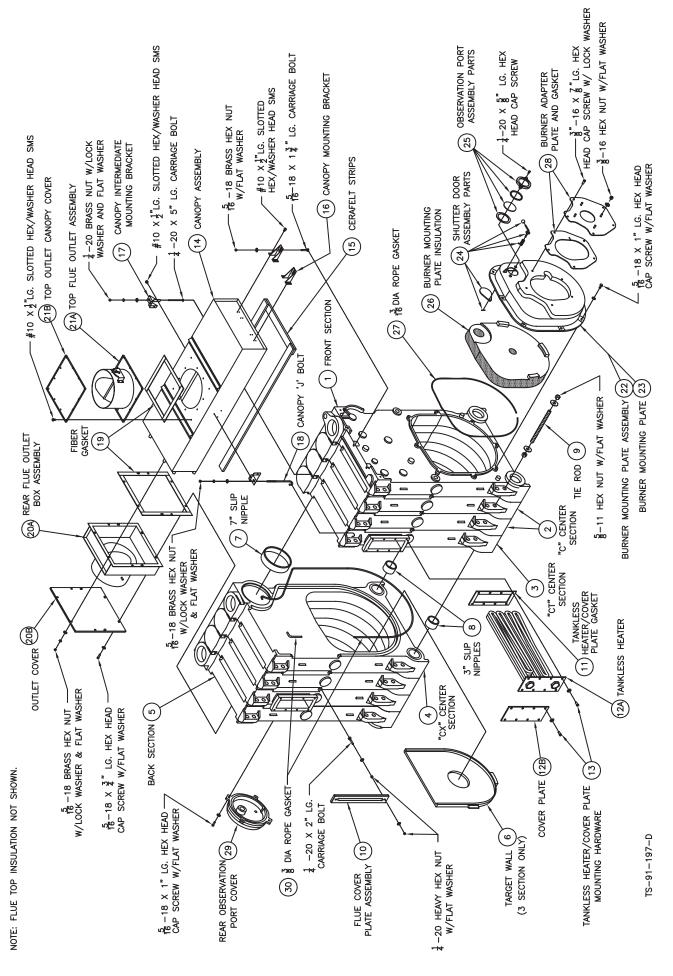


Figure 16: Bare Boiler Assembly

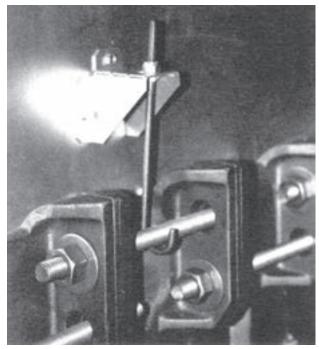


Figure 17: Left Side Canopy Intermediate Bracket

face outward). Secure canopy with 5/16" flat washers, lock washers and brass nuts. See Figure 17.

- d. Secure canopy right side bracket(s) with 1/4 20 x 5" lg. carriage bolts. Insert head of carriage bolt between canopy body and casting. Slide carriage bolt into slot provided between castings. Lower carriage bolt until threaded end will pass through hole in bracket. Secure canopy with 1/4" flat washers, lock washers and brass nuts. See Figure 18.
- 13. Attach the 1/8" x 1" wide self-adhesive fiber gasket to the surfaces of either the top flue outlet damper assembly or top outlet canopy cover that mounts against the canopy. Gasket must be centered over all attachment holes. Do not overlap corners, cut butt joints.
- 14. Secure either the top flue outlet damper assembly or top outlet canopy cover with #10 x 1/2" sheet metal screws.
- B. INSTALL FLUE COVER PLATES over cleanout openings on left side of boiler as shown in Figure 19. See Important Product Safety Information on Page 21 of this manual, regarding refractory ceramic fiber product warning.
  - 1. Locate the cover plates, carriage bolts, nuts and washers in the boiler assembly carton(s).
  - 2. Remove insulation from two (2) 3/8" diameter holes in flue cover plates using a 3/8" drill bit. Rotate bit through insulation by hand.
  - 3. Attach the carriage bolts to the top and bottom of the flue openings with washers and hex nuts to provide a fixed stud.
- **22** 4. Install flue cover plates over studs with insulation

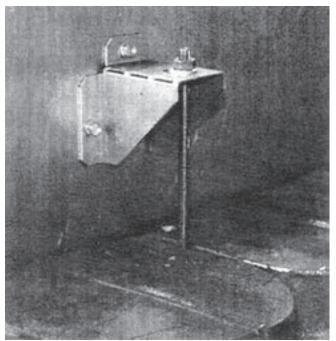


Figure 18: Right Side Canopy **Intermediate Bracket** 

against boiler and secure with washers and nuts. Tighten until insulation on cover plate provides a tight seal to casting. If after tightening, a gap is still evident where the sections join, apply silastic along top and bottom edge of insulation board.

5. Repeat steps 3 through 6 for mounting remaining flue cover plates.

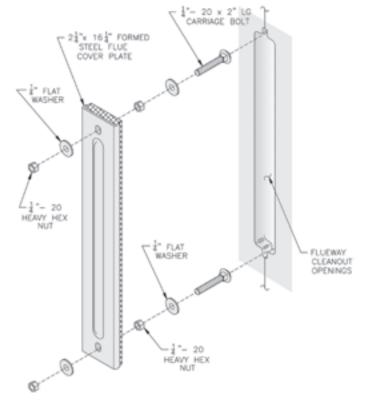


Figure 19: Flue Cover Plate Attachment

# **C.** MOUNT REAR OBSERVATION PORT COVER Refer to Figure 16.

- 1. With the silastic sealant, secure the 3/16" diameter rope gasket into the groove around the perimeter of the rear observation port cover.
- 2. Mount the rear observation port cover onto the rear section (with the word "Top" in the upright position) using the four (4) 5/16" 18 x 1" lg. cap screws and flat washers provided.

#### D. INSPECT ALL BOILER SEALS

 A visual inspection should be made of all sealed joints and repairs made as necessary. Darken the boiler room and place a light source in the combustion space and canopy to observe any gaps or open seals. Poor seals must be repaired and rechecked before continuing.

# **E. JACKET ASSEMBLY** - See Figure 22 for Jacket Assembly Details.

- Open jacket carton and jacket hardware package.
   Unless otherwise stated, all jacket components are
   fastened with #8 x ½" hex head sheet metal screws.
   Do not drive sheet metal screws tight until jacket
   assembly is complete.
- On boilers with rear flue outlet damper assembly, remove square knockout from jacket rear panel. To remove knockout, use a single hacksaw blade with handle or aviation snips to cut metal tabs between slotted holes.
- 3. Attach jacket front panel to front section and jacket rear panel to back section using the eight (8) #10 x ½" self tapping screws. Tighten these screws securely.
- 4. Attach jacket lower tie bar panel (approximately 5-5/8" high) to the bottom of the jacket front and rear panels using four (4) sheet metal screws. Repeat for opposite side.
- 5. Attach jacket upper tie bar panel (approximately 4-1/8" high) to the top of the jacket front and rear panels using four (4) sheet metal screws. Repeat for opposite side.

JACKET LEFT SIDE PANEL USAGE CHART							
Boiler			MULTIF	PLE SIDE PA	ANELS*		Г
Model		Panel No. 1	Panel No. 2	Panel No. 3	Panel No. 4	Panel No. 5	
24-03		L10	L5				
24-04	_	L10	L11				<u>س</u> ا
24-05	ER	L10	L17				回
24-06	∣ቨ	L10	L18	L5			Ö
24-07	B	L10	L18	L11			F B
24-08	OF	L10	L18	L17			0
24-09	AR	L10	L18	L18	L5		N N
24-10	RE	L10	L18	L18	L17		$\square$
24-11	"	L10	L18	L18	L17		ш.
24-12		L10	L18	L18	L18	L5	1

\* NOTE: To install multiple side panels, start at the rear and work forward. To remove panels, reverse order of assembly.

Figure 20: Left Side Panel Usage Chart

#### 6. Jacket Top Panel Attachment

- a. On boilers with top flue outlet damper assembly, remove octagon shaped knockout. To remove knockout, use a single hacksaw blade with handle or aviation snips to cut metal tabs between slotted holes.
- Remove knockout(s) for necessary supply piping in a similar manner.
- Attach jacket top panel to the front panel, rear panel and upper tie bar panels with sheet metal screws.

#### 7. Install Jacket side Panels

- a. Snap black thumb hole bushings into all side panel holes.
- b. Use the left side panel and right side panel usage charts to determine correct positions of side panels. The three (3) digit panel identification numbers shown in the charts are also stamped along the bottom edge of each panel. Refer to Figures 20 and 21.
- c. Rearward and Intermediate panels have reverse bend flanges on one side of panel. These panels must be installed prior to forward panels.

#### NOTICE

To <u>install</u> multiple side panels, start at the rear of boiler and work forward. To <u>remove</u> panels, reverse order of assembly.

- d. If boiler is equipped with tankless heaters they should be installed at this time if they were not installed for hydrostatic test outlined on Page 18.
- e. Install right side panels into position by inserting top of panel into 'U' shaped channel, pushing bottom of panel in toward boiler, and sliding panel down into 'J' shaped channel. Repeat procedure until all right side panels are in place.
- f. Remove the knockouts necessary for tankless heater operation on left side panels.
- g. Install left side panels, using the same procedure used to install the right side panels.

JACKET RIGHT SIDE PANEL USAGE CHART							
Boiler		SINGLE OR	MULTIPLE SII	DE PANELS*			
Model		Panel No. 3	Panel No. 4	Panel No. 5			
24-03				R15 (Single)			
24-04	~			R21 (Single)	_		
24-05	LER			R27 (Single)	151		
24-06	BOIL			R33 (Single)	BOILER		
24-07			R15	R24			
24-08	P.		R21	R24	PF		
24-09	ΙŽ		R27	R24	쓔		
24-10	FRONT		R27	R30	REAR		
24-11	ш		R33	R30	] "		
24-12		R21	R24	R24			

\* NOTE: To install multiple side panels, start at the rear and work forward. To remove panels, reverse order of assembly.

Figure 21: Right Side Panel Usage Chart

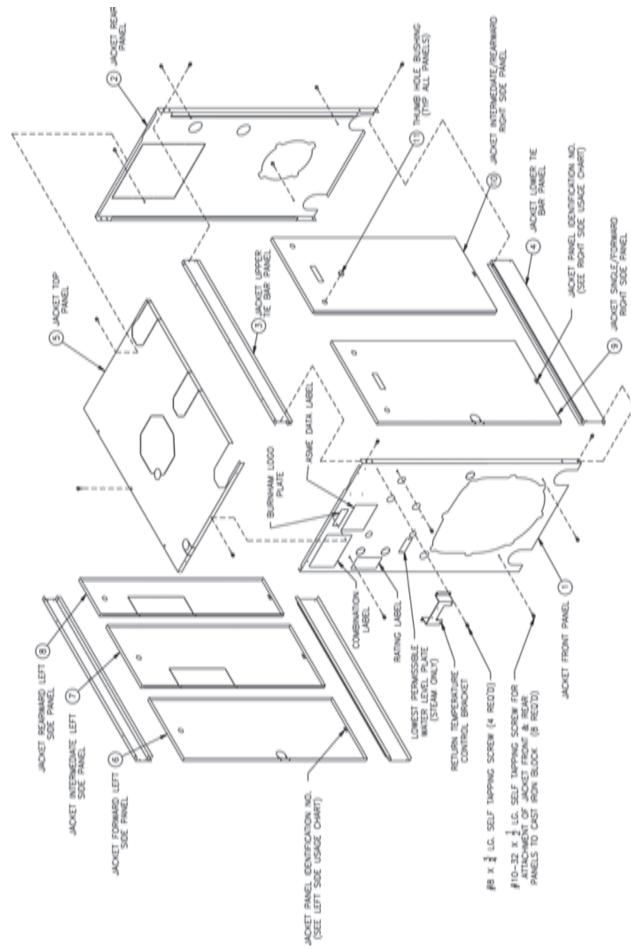


Figure 22: Series 24 Jacket Assembly (Boiler Models 24-03 thru 24-12)

- 8. Combination Label and Crown Logo Plate were attached to jacket front panel at time of manufacture. If loose or peeling, apply pressure to reset adhesive.
- On steam boilers, attach lowest permissible water level plate (from steam trim carton) to the front panel using sheet metal screws.
- 10. Tighten all sheet metal screws to complete jacket assembly.

## **F. BURNER MOUNTING PLATE** - Refer to Figures 16 and 23.

- 1. Using silastic sealant, secure the 3/16" diameter rope gasket to the groove along the mounting plate opening in the front section.
- 2. Install 5/16" x 1" lg. cap screw in lower tapping on front section to carry weight of burner mounting plate.
- 3. Engage bottom slot on burner mounting plate with matching bolt in bottom tapping of front section. Align mounting holes and fasten the mounting plate to the boiler sections with seven (7) remaining 5/16" cap screws and washers. Fully tighten all bolts.

## G. MOUNT BURNER ADAPTER PLATE TO BURNER MOUNTING PLATE.

Refer to Figures 16 and 23. ALSO, REFER TO BURNER INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR INSTRUCTIONS SPECIFIC TO EACH BURNER.

- 1. In all cases, the burner adapter plate carton for the specified burner will be provided by Crown.
- 2. Open Adapter Plate carton and remove contents. Apply four (4) small dabs of silastic on rear surface of adapter plate to temporarily hold gasket in place. Hold adapter plate in position against burner mounting plate, align holes and secure with five (5) 3/8" lock washers and 3/8" x 7/8" lg. cap screws.
- 3. USE A HOLE SAW OR KNIFE TO CUT BURNER MOUNTING PLATE INSULATION TO MATCH HOLE SIZE ON BURNER ADAPTER PLATE. After cutting, remove any and all loose pieces of insulation which may become lodged or interfere with the head of a burner air tube after insertion.
- 4. Confirm that hole in insulation fits snugly around burner blast tube. If hole is oversized, remove burner mounting plate (with burner attached) from boiler. Use additional fiberglass rope gasket provided with burner to fill in any space between

STANDARD BURNER
ADAPTER PLATE

'B'DIA
BOLT CIRCLE

(REF)

'A'DIA
HOLE

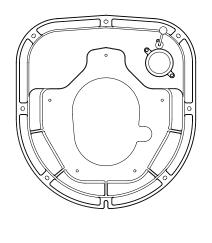
BECKETT ("CF" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D NO.	· ďA′.	΄Β΄ DIA.	'C' REF.
24-03 THRU 24-05	330400	920	4 <u>3</u>	10	7 <u>1</u>
24-06 THRU 24-08	330401	921	68	10	7 <u>1</u>
24-09 THRU 24-12	330402	922	6 <u>3</u>	10	7 <u>1</u>

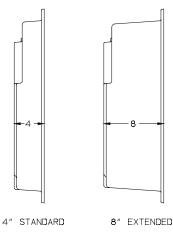
BECKETT ("CG" SERIES) BURNER ADAPTER PLATE

BOILER MODEL	PART NO.	I.D NO.	· ďA′	΄Β΄ DIA.	′C′ REF.
24-03 THRU 24-06	330400	920	4-3/4	10	7 <u>1</u>
24-07 THRU 24-08	330401	921	6-1/8	10	7 <u>1</u>
24-09 THRU 24-11	330403	923	7-1/4	10	7 <u>1</u>
24-12	330404	924	8-1/8	10	7 <u>1</u>

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER



FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEWS

CAST IRON BURNER MOUNTING PLATES

Figure 23: Burner Mounting Plate/Burner Adapter Plate Options

insulation and blast tube. If additional rope gasket is not provided with the burner, use 3/8" fiberglass rope rated for 2300°F (provided by others). Reinstall burner mounting plate when finished.

#### A CAUTION

Failure to properly fill all gaps between the insulation and burner blast tube may result in damage to the burner.

- 5. For boilers without tankless heaters, proceed to Paragraph H (Install Steam Trim) or I (Install Water Trim).
- 6. For boilers with tankless heaters, install the tankless heater manifolds according to Figure 36.

#### H. STEAM BOILERS — INSTALL STEAM TRIM

Items for steam trim are located in the steam trim carton (except for the separately ordered low water cutoff and tankless heater control). Figure 24a shows the proper tappings for each item.

- 1. Install the gauge glass set.
- 2. Install the low water cut-off. Follow manufacturers instructions furnished with control.
- 3. Install the pressure limit control using the ½" x 90 (1-7/8" x 4") extended leg syphon and the ¾" NPT x ½" FPT hex bushing as shown in Figure 24b.

#### NOTICE

The L404 Pressure Limit contains mercury in a sealed tube. Do not place limit in the trash at the end of its useful life.

If this limit is replacing a limit that contains mercury in a sealed tube, do not place your old limit in the trash.

Contact your local waste management authority for instructions regarding recycling and the proper disposal of this limit, or of an old limit containing mercury in a sealed tube.

If you have questions, call Honeywell Inc. at 1-800-468-1502.

- 4. Level the pressure limit control by carefully bending the syphon until the control's leveling indicator hangs freely with its pointer directly over the index mark inside the back of the case.
- 5. Install the steam gauge using the ½" NPT x ¼" FPT hex bushing.

- 6. Install the safety valve as shown in Figure 38a. Safety valve must be installed in vertical position.
- 7. For boilers with tankless heaters, install the operating control in an unused tapping through one of the heater plates.

#### **△WARNING**

Safety valve discharge piping must be piped to within six (6) inches of floor, or to floor drain to eliminate potential of severe burns. Do not pipe in any area where freezing could occur. Do not install any shut-off valves, plugs or caps in discharge piping.

- 8. Plug extra boiler tappings.
- 9. Install required bottom blowoff/drain valve and connecting piping (supplied by others) per minimum piping requirements for steam boilers. See Figure 32.

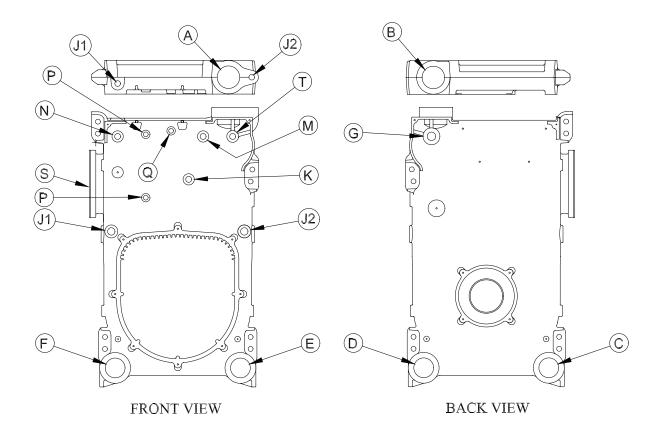
#### I. WATER BOILERS - INSTALL WATER TRIM

Items for water trim are located in the water trim carton (except for the separately ordered low water cutoff and tankless heater control). Figures 25a and 25b show the proper tappings for each item.

- 1. Install the temperature pressure gauge.
- 2. Install the low water cutoff. Follow manufacturers instructions furnished with control.
- 3. Install the immersion well and mount the aquastat (limit control) onto the well.
- Install the pressure relief valve as shown in Figure 38b. Relief valve must be installed in vertical position.
- 5. Plug extra boiler tappings.
- 6. Install required bottom blowoff/drain valve (supplied by others) per minimum piping requirements for water boilers, see Figure 26.

#### **△WARNING**

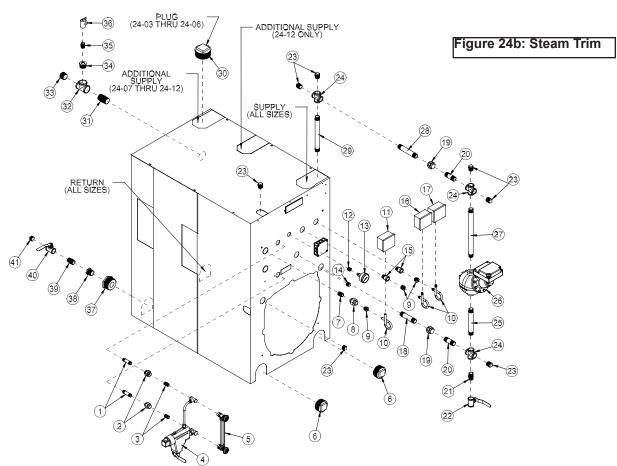
Relief valve discharge piping must be piped to within six (6) inches of floor, or to floor drain to eliminate potential of severe burns. Do not pipe in any area where freezing could occur. Do not install any shut-off valves, plugs or caps in discharge piping.



Tapping Location	Size (in)	Steam Boiler
А	4	Supply
В	4	Plug (24-03 thru 24-06) Supply (24-07 thru 24-12)
С	3	Blow-Off Valve
D	3	Return
E	3	Plug
F	3	Plug
G	1-1/2	Safety Valve/Surface Skim Tap
J1	1	Plug

Tapping Location	Size (in)	Steam Boiler
J2	1	Float L.W.C.O.
K	3/4	Plug
М	3/4	Operating Pressure Limit Control
N	3/4	Hi Pressure Limit Control/Manual Reset
Р	1/2	Gauge Glass/#67 L.W.C.O.
Q	1/2	Steam Gauge (Bush to 1/4")
S	3/4	Tankless Heater Control
Т	3/4	Firing Rate Pressure Control

Figure 24a: Purpose of Tappings - Steam Boilers

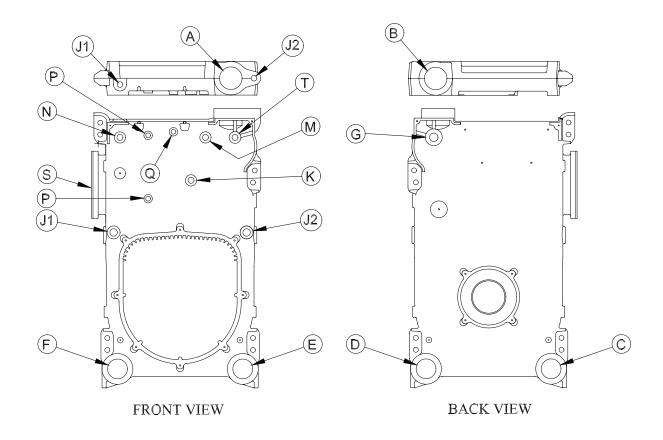


		_	UANTI	TV	1	1		_	UANTI	TV	
KEY	DESCRIPTION	BOILER MODELS	STANDARD	OPTIONAL	NOT	KEY	DESCRIPTION	BOILER MODELS	STANDARD	OPTIONAL	SUPPLIED
1	1/2" X 3" BR NIPPLE	ALL	2			29	1" X 12" NIPPLE	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			1
2	1/2" BR UNION	ALL	2			30	4" BK PLUG	ALL	1		
3	1/2" BR CLOSE NIPPLE	ALL	2			31	1-1/2" X 4 NIPPLE	ALL	1		
4	LWCO, #67	ALL	2			32	1-1/2" TEE	ALL	1		
5	GAUGE GLASS SET	ALL	2			33	1-1/2" SQ. HD. PLUG	ALL	1		
6	3" SQ. HD. PLUG	ALL	2			34	1-1/2" x 3/4" BLK BUSHING	24-03	1		
7	3/4" X 2" NIPPLE	ALL			1	34	1-1/2" x 1" BLK BUSHING	24-04	1		
8	3/4" UNION	ALL			1	34	1-1/2" x 1-1/4" BLK BUSHING	24-05 THRU 24-08	1		
9	3/4" X 1/4" HEX BUSHING	ALL	1	1	1	35	3/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-03			1
10	1/4" 90° BR PIGTAIL	ALL	1	1	1	35	1" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-04			1
11	L404C1147	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS		1		35	1-1/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-05 THRU 24-08			1
12	1/2" X 1/4" BR BUSHING	ALL	1			35	1-1/2" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-09 THRU 24-12			1
13	PRESSURE GAUGE	ALL	1			36	SAFETY VALVE 13-211	24-03	1		
14	3/4" RECESSED HD PLUG	ALL	1				SAFETY VALVE 13-202	24-04	1		
15	3/4" BLK EXTENSION	ALL	1	1	30		SAFETY VALVE 13-213	24-05 THRU 24-08	1		
16	L404F1367	ALL	1			36	SAFETY VALVE 13-214	24-09 THRU 24-12	1		
17	FIRING RATE PRES CTRL	MODULATING BOILERS			1	37	3" X 1-1/4" BLK BUSHING	ALL	1		
18	1" X 5-1/2" NIPPLE	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			1	38	1-1/4" X 3/4" BUSHING	24-03 THRU 24-04	1		
19	1" UNION	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			2	38	1-1/4" X 1" BUSHING	24-05 THRU 24-08	1		
20	1" X 3-1/2" NIPPLE	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			2	39	3/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-03 THRU 24-04			1
21	1" CLOSE NIPPLE	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			1	39	1" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-05 THRU 24-08			1
22	1" BALL VALVE	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			1	39	1-1/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-09 THRU 24-12			1
23	1" RECESSED HD PLUG	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN	4		3	40	3/4" BALL VALVE	24-03 THRU 24-04			1
24	1" CROSS	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			3	40	1" BALL VALVE	24-05 THRU 24-08			1
25	1" NIPPLE*	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN	1		1	40	1-1/4" BALL VALVE	24-09 THRU 24-12			1
26	#150-MD LWCO	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN		1		41	3/4" SQ. HD. PLUG	24-03 THRU 24-04			1
26	#64 LWCO	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS GRAVITY RETURN		1		41	1" SQ. HD. PLUG	24-05 THRU 24-08			1
27	1" NIPPLE**	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			1	41	1-1/4" SQ. HD. PLUG	24-09 THRU 24-12			1
28	1" NIPPLE***	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS PUMPED RETURN			1						

<sup>\*</sup>SIZE NIPPLE TO SET WATER LEVEL OF LWCO.

<sup>\*\*</sup>SIZE NIPPLE TO MAKE UP LENGTH BETWEEN 24 & 26.

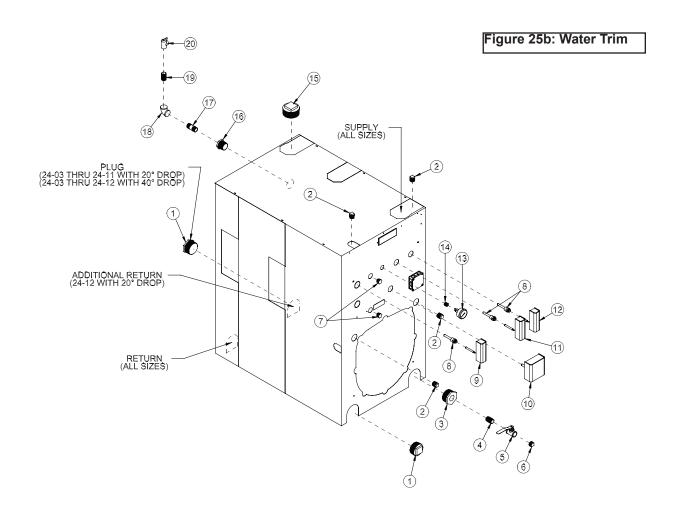
<sup>\*\*\*</sup>SIZE NIPPLE TO MAKE UP LENGTH BETWEEN 19 & 24.



Tapping Location	Size (in)	Water Boiler
Α	4	Supply
В	4	Plug
С	3	Return
D	3	Plug (24-03 thru 24-11) Return (24-12)
E	3	Blow-Off / Drain Valve
F	3	Plug
G	1-1/2	Relief Valve
J1	1	Plug

Tapping Location	Size (in)	Water Boiler
J2	1	Plug
К	3/4	Probe L.W.C.O.
М	3/4	Operating Temperature Limit Control
N	3/4	Hi Temperature Limit Control/Manual Reset
Р	1/2	Plug
Q	1/2	Temperature/Pressure Gauge (Bush to 1/4")
S	3/4	Tankless Heater Control
Т	3/4	Firing Rate Temperature Control

Figure 25a: Purpose of Tappings - Water Boilers



			Q	UANTI	TY				QUANTITY						
KEY	DESCRIPTION	BOILER MODELS	STANDARD	OPTIONAL	NOT SUPPLIED	KEY	DESCRIPTION	BOILER MODELS	STANDARD	OPTIONAL	NOT SUPPLIED				
1	3" SQ. HD. PLUG	24-03 THRU 24-12	2			16	1-1/2" x 3/4" BLK BUSHING	24-03 THRU 24-07	1						
1	3" SQ. HD. PLUG	24-12 WITH 20° DROP	1			16	1-1/2" x 1" BLK BUSHING	24-08 THRU 24-10	1						
2	1" RECESSED HD PLUG	ALL	4			16	1-1/2" x 1-1/4" BLK BUSHING	24-11 THRU 24-12	1						
3	3" X 3/4" BLK BUSHING	ALL	1			17	3/4" X 3" NIPPLE	24-03 THRU 24-07	1						
4	3/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	ALL		1		17	" X 4" NIPPLE 24-08 THRU 24-10		1						
5	3/4" BALL VALVE	ALL		1		17	1-1/4" X 4" NIPPLE	/4" X 4" NIPPLE 24-11 THRU 24-12							
6	3/4" SQ. HD. PLUG	ALL		1		18	3/4" 90° ELBOW	3/4" 90° ELBOW 24-03 THRU 24-07							
7	1/2" RECESSED HD PLUG	ALL	2				1" 90° ELBOW 24-08 THRU 24-10		1						
8	3/4" LONG WELL	ALL	1	1	1	18	1-1/4" 90° ELBOW	24-11 THRU 24-12	1						
9	L4006E1109	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS		1		19	3/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-03 THRU 24-07	1						
10	#550 PROBE LWCO	CSD-1 EQUIPPED BOILERS		1		19	1" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-08 THRU 24-10	1						
11	L4006A2015	ALL	1			19	1-1/4" CLOSE NIPPLE	24-11 THRU 24-12	1						
12	FIRING RATE TEMP CTRL	MODULATING BOILERS			1	20	RELIEF VALVE 10-408-05	24-03 THRU 24-04	1						
13	TRIDICATOR GAUGE	ALL	1			20	RELIEF VALVE 10-614-05	24-05 THRU 24-07	1						
14	1/2" X 1/4" BLK BUSHING	ALL	1							20	RELIEF VALVE 10-615-05	24-08 THRU 24-10	1		
15	4" BK PLUG	ALL	1			20	RELIEF VALVE 10-616-05	24-11 THRU 24-12	1						
NOT SHOWN	3/4" RECESSED HD. PLUG	ALL	4												

#### J. BURNER INSTALLATION

Refer to burner manufacturer's installation manual for proper installation, fuel piping, wiring, burner adjustment, burner start-up and service instructions. Consult Section VI of this manual for burner specifications and burner settings.

# K. BOILER PIPING - HEATING APPLICATIONS CONNECT SUPPLY AND RETURN PIPING TO HEATING SYSTEM

Connect supply and return piping to heating system (see Figures 26 through 32). Flow direction for hot water boilers must be from the rear return out through the top front supply. Steam boilers can pipe return to the front as an alternate location. Some boiler sizes may require the use of additional supply and return tappings. Check Figure 24 and applicable piping diagram for the boiler size you are installing.

#### **AWARNING**

Failure to properly pipe boiler may result in improper, unsafe system operation and void manufacturer's warranty.

DO NOT improperly pipe boiler.

#### **△WARNING**

All steam and hot water pipes must have clearances of at least 1/2" from all combustible construction.

#### **AWARNING**

A hot water boiler installed above radiation level must be provided with a low water cutoff device as part of the installation.

 HOT WATER HEATING - This boiler must be installed in strict accordance with this installation manual Deviations from these installation instructions may void manufacturer's warranty.

#### **AWARNING**

Continued boiler operation for prolonged periods of time under conditions when temperature differential across the system exceeds 40°F and/or, return water temperature stays below 135°F, may result in premature boiler failure due to flue gas condensation and/or thermal shock.

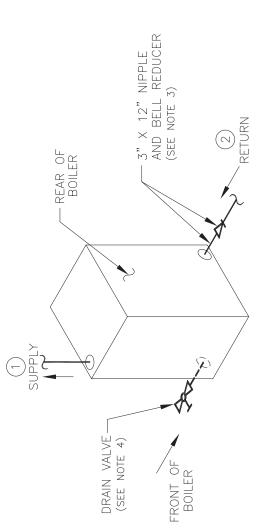
- a. If the boiler is used in connection with refrigeration systems, boiler must be installed with chilled medium piped in parallel with heating boiler using appropriate valves to prevent chilled medium from entering boiler. See Figure 35.
- b. If the boiler is connected to heating coils located in air handling units where they may be exposed to refrigerated air, boiler piping must be equipped with flow control valves to prevent gravity circulation of boiler water during cooling system operation.
- c. Crown recommends maintaining temperature differential (drop) across the system at 40°F or less, and return water temperature at minimum of 135°F for optimum operation and long-term reliability.
  - i. If minimum return water temperature can be maintained at 135°F and temperature differential across the system is at 40°F or less, refer to Figure 26 or 27 for recommended minimum boiler piping details.
  - ii. If minimum return water temperature cannot be maintained at 135°F or the temperature differential across the system varies, a blend pump is recommended as a minimum to help protect the boiler from flue gas condensation and/or thermal shock. See piping details in Figure 28. Primary secondary piping with a by-pass is an alternate to the blend pump method and is shown in Figure 29.

- d. If conditions exist where the boiler is subjected to prolonged periods of operating conditions below 135°F, other mixing methods such as three or four way valves or variable speed injection should be used.
- e. Multiple Boilers Recommended minimum multiple boiler piping is shown in Figure 30 as primary secondary with a by-pass. The boiler circulator will maintain a constant flow through the boiler during every heat demand while the by-pass diverts a portion of hot water back to the return. Alternate minimum multiple boiler piping is shown in Figure 31. The blend pump will maintain constant flow through the boiler during every heat demand and provide a hot water blend back to the return.
- f. Glycol Antifreeze Solutions Many systems today use ethylene or propylene glycol antifreeze solutions as a measure for freeze protection, as well as a pump lubricator and corrosion inhibitor. The properties of the glycol mixture have an impact on valve and pump sizing. All glycol solutions have a lower specific heat than water. This means that the glycol solution cannot transfer heat as well as pure water, resulting in the need for higher flow rates. In addition, the viscosity of the glycol solution is usually higher than water, requiring a higher pump head for the same given flow. Consult factory for specific applications, pump selection and flow rate.

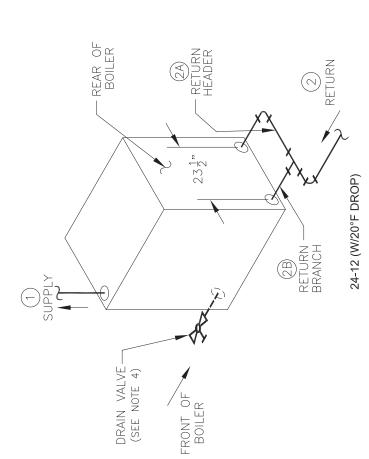
#### NOTICE

A properly constructed Hartford Loop must be installed on all gravity return steam systems. Hartford Loop is not required on pumped return systems.

 STEAM HEATING - For piping details, see Figure 32. Figure 33 shows a typical pumped return/boiler feed unit arrangement. Figure 34 illustrates the required elevations for McDonnell and Miller 150 and 63 float low water cut-offs.



24-03 THRU 24-11 (W/20°F DROP) 24-03 THRU 24-12 (W/40°F DROP)



(2B) RETURN BRANCH (QTY)SIZE 2, 20°F DROP RETURN PIPING SIZE (2) RETURN HEADER 20°F DROP 2 DROP 27" 2∄" 40°F 1 2 3. 7, 27" ζ, RETURN 20°F DROP 2<u>1</u>" 2 1,, 2<u>1</u>" 2, 2, 2,2 ,4 2,\* 2, 20°F 40°F DROP DROP 23" 23,, 231, 1,2 SUPPLY 2, 2, PIPING 2,\* SZE 2 2 3 " 21" 2 1" 3,, ,, 2," 2,, ,4 2,, BOILER MODEL 24-06 24 - 1224-03 24-04 24-08 24-09 24 - 1024 - 1124-05 24-07

# NOTES:

- 1. ALL PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40. 2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F <u>OR</u> 40°F DIFFERENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT ONE TO MATCH APPLICATION.
- WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL 3" X 12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL 3
- BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE REDUCER DIRECTLY INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN. (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS). 4.
  - MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE: 3/2 NPT.

Figure 26: Series 24 Minimum Piping - Parallel - Water Boiler

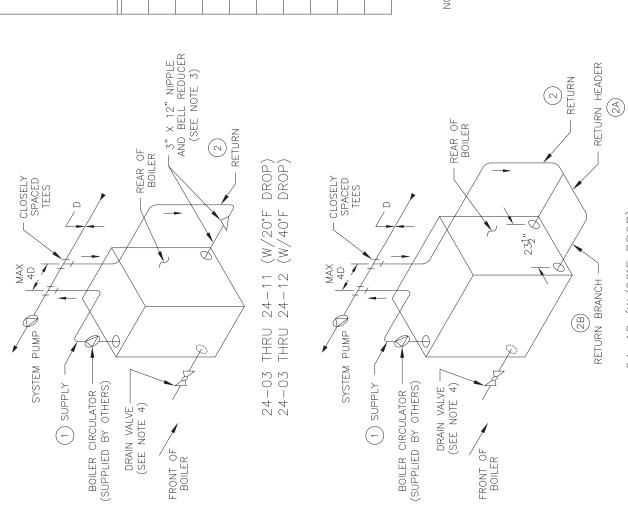


Figure 27: Series 24 Minimum Piping - Primary Secondary - Water Boiler

RETURN PIPING SIZE	RETURN BRANCH (QTY) SIZE (2B)	20°F DROP					_					(2) 3"
	RETURN HEADER (2A)	20°F DROP				_	_			-		3,"
	RETURN	40°F DROP	17,	17,	17.	1 1	2"	2"	2,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "
		20°F DROP	2,,	2,,	2,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	2 1	3"	3,,	3"	.,4
SUPPLY PIPING SIZE (1)		40°F DROP	17,	1 2 "	1 1	$1\frac{1}{2}$ "	2"	2"	2,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "
		20°F DROP	2,,	2,,	2,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	2	2	2,,	<b>,</b> 4
MODEL			24-03	24-04	24-05	24-06	24-07	24-08	24-09	24-10	24-11	24-12

NOTES:

JULE PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40.

2. PIEL SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F

2. PIEL SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F

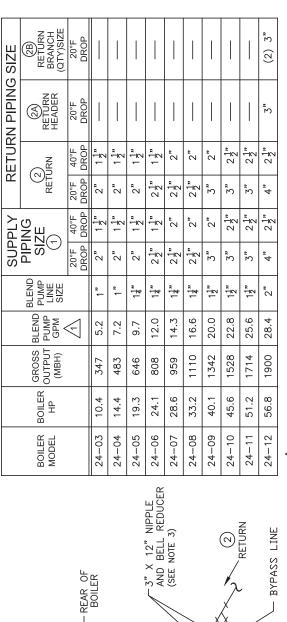
3. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL

3" X 12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY
INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN.

4. BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE

(SUPPLIED BY OTHERS).

• MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE: 3" NPT.



OSPEC SUPPLY

OF HEAD FOR PUMP SIZE SELECTION. USE 3 FT

24-03 THRU 24-11 (W/20°F DROP) 24-03 THRU 24-12 (W/40°F DROP)

CHECK VALVE

BLEND PUMP

FRONT OF BOILER

DRAIN VALVE - (SEE NOTE 4)

- 1. ALL PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40.

  2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F <u>OR</u> 40°F DIFFERENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT <u>ONE</u> TO MATCH APPLICATION.
- INSTALL 3"  $\times$  12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", Б.
- BALL VALVE PREFERABLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE (SUPPLIED BY OTHERS). 4.
  - MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE: 37 NPT.

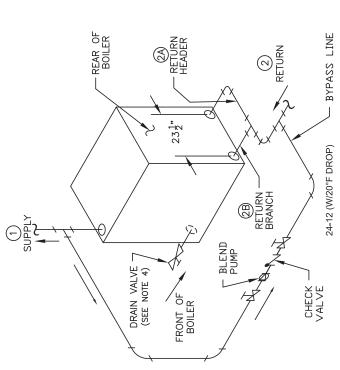
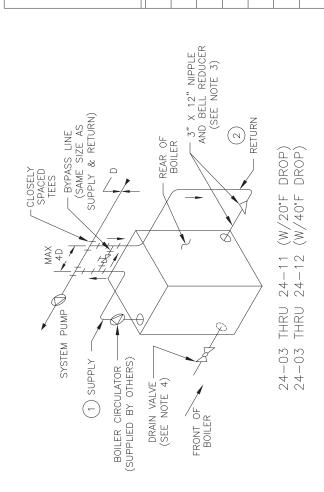


Figure 28: Series 24 Minimum Piping Details, Bypass with Blend Pump - Water Boiler



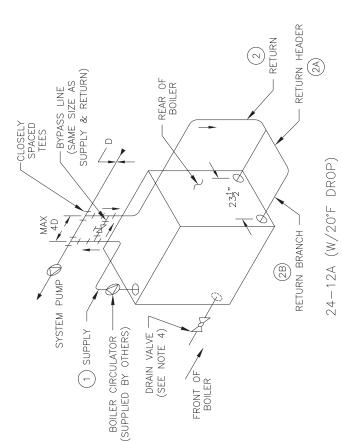


Figure 29: Series 24 Minimum Piping - Primary Secondary/with Bypass - Water Boiler

RETURN PIPING SIZE	RETURN BRANCH (QTY) SIZE (2B)	20°F DROP				-						(2) 3"
	RETURN HEADER (2A)	20°F DROP	-		-						-	3,
	RETURN	40°F DROP	1 2	17.	1 <u>1</u> ."	1 2 "	2"	2"	2,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	2 1 "
		20°F DROP	2,,	2,,	2"	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	3,,	3"	3,,	.,4
SUPPLY PIPING SIZE		40°F DROP	17	17.	11	17.	2,,	2"	2,,	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "
		20°F DROP	2,,	2,,	2"	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	2 1	$2\frac{1}{2}$ "	3,,	3"	3,,	.,4
MODEL			24-03	24-04	24-05	24-06	24-07	24-08	24-09	24-10	24-11	24-12

NOTES:

1. ALL PIPING IS SCHEDULE 40.
2. PIPE SIZES LISTED ARE BASED ON A 20°F OR 40°F
DIFFRENTIAL (TEMPERATURE DROP). SELECT ONE TO MATCH APPLICATION.
3. WHEN SPECIFIED RETURN PIPING SIZE IS LESS THAN 3", INSTALL
3" X 12" NIPPLE AND APPROPRIATE SIZE BELL REDUCER DIRECTLY
INTO BOILER RETURN TAPPING AS SHOWN.
4. BALL VALVE PREFERBLE, GATE VALVE ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATIVE

(SUPPLIED BY OTHERS).

• MINIMUM VALVE SIZE PER ASME CODE: 3/2" NPT.

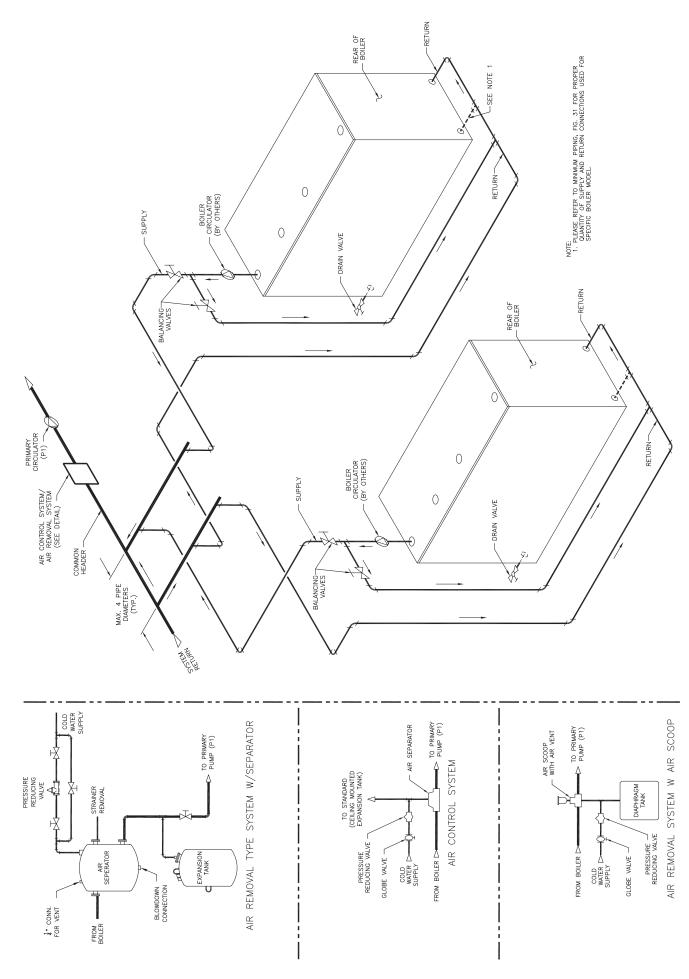


Figure 30: Minimum Piping Details - Multiple Boiler Application, Primary/Secondary Piping With Bypass

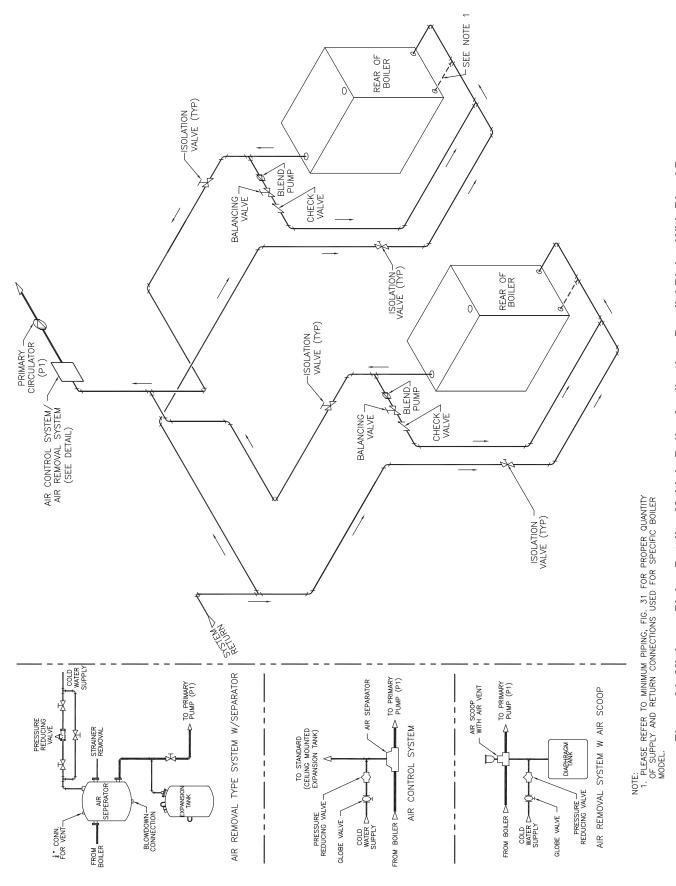


Figure 31: Minimum Piping Details - Multiple Boiler Application, Parallel Piping With Blend Pump

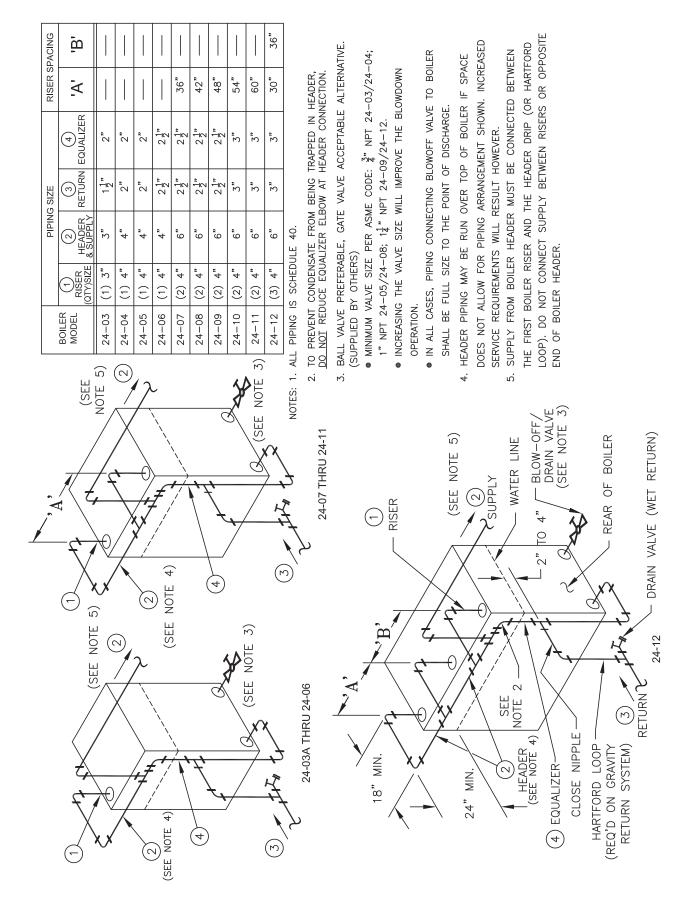


Figure 32: Minimum Piping Requirements For Gravity Return Series 24 Steam Boilers

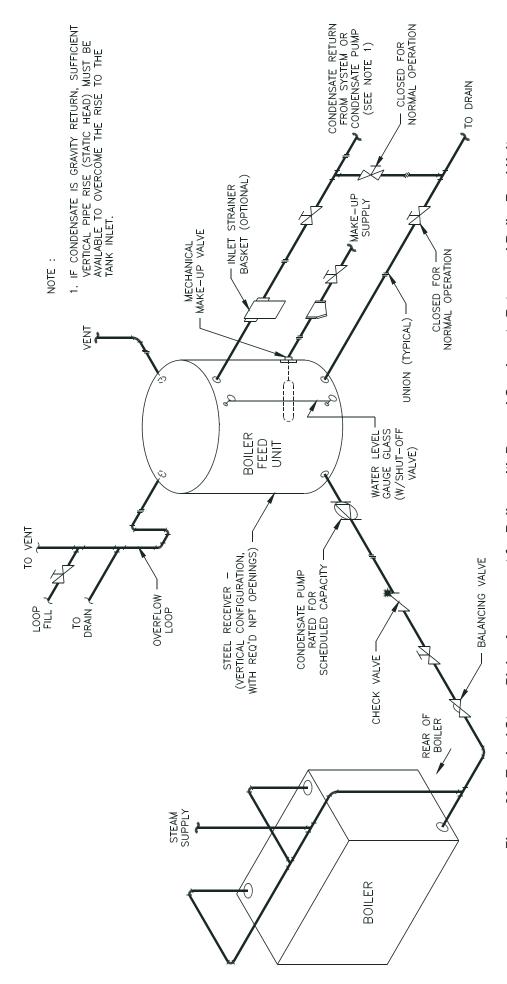


Figure 33: Typical Steam Piping Arrangement for Boilers with Pumped Condensate Return and Boiler Feed Unit

- L. BOILER PIPING, DOMESTIC HOT WATER (DHW) APPLICATION – The Series 24 boiler can be used in many different piping applications to produce Domestic Hot Water (DHW). In some applications, depending on the control strategy (outdoor reset, setpoint operation, etc.) and size of boiler, it is recommended to isolate the space heating load from the DHW load. For example, if the domestic load is more than the space heating load, it is beneficial to dedicate one or more boilers solely to DHW production and one or more other boilers to solely space heating, since during mild weather conditions, the boiler(s) will have more capacity than is required. Piped in the recommended manner, the space heating boiler(s) can be shut down during the summer months to conserve energy and to avoid short cycling. This section will address four methods of piping and controlling domestic hot water generation.
  - Hot Water Boiler/Tankless Coil(s) Tankless coils, mounted into the side of the boiler, have been used successfully for many years and may be used in single and multiple boiler applications. When a boiler is arranged with tankless coils, it is not recommended that outdoor reset be used, unless there are control systems in place to prevent overheating of the space heating zones.
     Figure 37a depicts the addition of an automatic mixing valve to the tankless heater piping to obtain a dual temperature domestic system. The mixing valve provides tempered water to the fixtures, while the branch prior to the valve provides high temperature water for dishwashing, washing machines and other appliances.
  - 2. Hot Water Boiler/Tankless Coils/Storage Tank This application involves the use of several tankless coils piped in parallel, emptying into a large storage tank, and is typically used in larger DHW production

- applications, such as hotel showers and laundries. See Figure 37b for recommended piping and wiring details for this type of application. The tempering valve and recirculation loop are advantageous in these applications, because they provide both high temperature and tempered domestic hot water to the system, eliminating the need to purge and waste water until it reaches the desired temperature. In the case where the boiler is used for domestic production only, and there is no space heating involved, a destratification pump is utilized to provide flow within the boiler. This flow acts as a means of preventing the hot water from stratifying at the top of the boiler. Destratification pump flow rates are given in the table in Figure 37b.
- 3. Hot Water Boiler/Indirect Water Heater The use of indirect water heaters for domestic hot water generation is common and somewhat advantageous over tankless coils alone, since they also provide DHW storage. A tempering valve and recirculating pump are again recommended for a dual temperature system, to provide a constant temperature to the fixtures without waiting for cooler water to warm up. Figure 37c shows a typical indirect heater piping application with no space heating. Indirect pump flow rates are calculated based on a 20°F ΔT.

# NOTICE

DO NOT use the boiler circulator as an indirect domestic hot water system circulator.

4. Steam Boiler/Indirect Water Heater – Use the Indirect Water Supply tapping, "R" (Special Order Only – see Figure 24) when connecting an Indirect Water Heater directly to the boiler.

# NOTICE

When possible, domestic hot water production should utilize a dedicated boiler(s). This will allow the other boiler(s) to be shut down and isolated during the summer months. If the boiler load is shared between heating and domestic hot water, then one needs to determine if a hot water priority is required. If a priority is not selected, erratic domestic hot water production may result during the beginning and end of every heating season. Conversely, a priority for domestic hot water production may cause a significant heating zone activation delay, in an improperly balanced system. Parallel piping conversions may require isolation from the heating system to prevent system flow influence on DHW performance. Consult a qualified system heating professional to design for the proper application.

#### M. CONNECT TANKLESS HEATER PIPING as

shown in Figure 37a. See Table IV for Tankless Heater Ratings.

# NOTICE

The following guidelines should be followed when piping the tankless heater:

#### 1. Install Flow Regulator

If flow through the heater is greater than its rating, the supply of adequate hot water may not be able to keep up with the demand. For this reason a FLOW REGULATOR matching the heater rating should be installed in the cold water line to the heater. Refer to Figure 37a for piping recommendations. Locate the flow regulator below the inlet (cold water side) of the heater and a minimum of 36" away from the inlet so that the regulator is not subjected to excess temperatures during "off" periods when it is possible for heat to be conducted back through the supply line. The flow regulator will limit the flow of supply water regardless of inlet pressure variations ranging from 20 to 125 psi.

2. Install Water Temperature Mixing Valve

#### **AWARNING**

Install a mixing valve at the tankless heater outlet to avoid risk of burns or scalding due to excessively hot water at fixtures. Do not operate the boiler when equipped with a tankless heater unless mixing valve is operating properly.

Refer to Figure 37a for piping recommendations. Adjust and maintain the mixing valve in accordance with manufacturers instructions.

Installation of a mixing valve will also lengthen the delivery of the available hot water by mixing some cold water with the hot. In addition, savings of hot

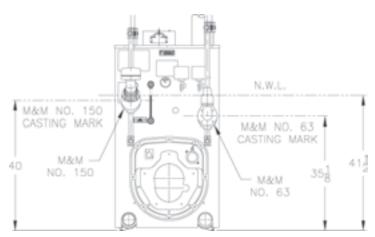


Figure 34: Mounting Elevations of M&M 150 and 63
Float Low Water Cut-Offs

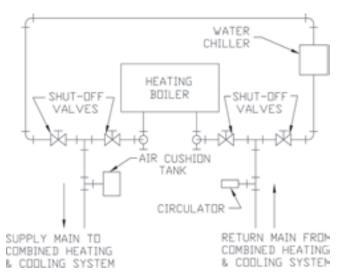


Figure 35: Recommended Piping for Combination Heating & Cooling (Refrigeration) Systems Water Boilers

water will be achieved since the user will not waste as much hot water while seeking desired water temperature. Higher temperature hot water required by dishwashers and automatic washers is possible by piping the hot water from the heater prior to entering the mixing valve. An electric hot water booster can also be used. The mixing valve should be "trapped" by installing it below the cold water inlet to heater to prevent lime formation in the valve.

#### 3. Flushing of Heater

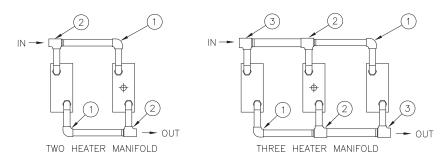
All water contains some sediment which settles on the inside of the coil. Consequently, the heater should be periodically backwashed. This is accomplished by installing hose bibs as illustrated in Figure 37a and allowing water at city pressure to run into hose bib A, through the heater, and out hose bib B until the discharge is clear. The tees in which the hose bibs are located should be the same size as heater connections to minimize pressure drop.

#### 4. Hard Water

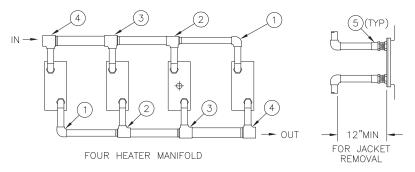
A water analysis is necessary to determine the hardness of your potable water. This is applicable to some city water and particularly to well water. An appropriate water softener should be installed based on the analysis and dealer's recommendation. This is not only beneficial to the tankless heater but to piping and fixtures plus the many other benefits derived from soft water.

#### **A** CAUTION

Do not operate tankless heater with hard water. Tankless failure will result. Install water softener if hard water is present.



ITEMS	DESCRIPTION
1	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " COPPER ELBOW
2	$1\frac{1}{2}$ " x $1\frac{1}{4}$ " x $1\frac{1}{4}$ " COPPER TEE
3	$2" \times 1\frac{1}{2}" \times 1\frac{1}{4}"$ COPPER TEE
4	$2" \times 2" \times 1\frac{1}{4}"$ COPPER TEE
5	$1\frac{1}{4}$ " COPPER x MIP ADAPTER



NOTES:

- 1. IT IS IMPORTANT THAT WATER HEATERS BE CENT-RALLY LOCATED IN BOILER. REFER TO PROPER SECTION ARRANGEMENT PER FIGURE 8.
- 2. PRESSURE DROP ACROSS EACH T-4 TANKLESS HEATER = 5.25 PSI AT 7.5 GPM FLOW RATE.
- 3. LOCATE HEATER CONTROL IN HEATER IDENTIFIED AS  $\boldsymbol{\Phi}$  .

Figure 36: Minimum Piping Requirements for Series 24 Tankless Heater Manifolds

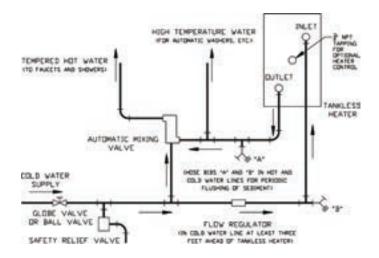


Figure 37a: Schematic Tankless Heater Piping

**Table IV: Tankless Heater Ratings** 

Boiler	Number	of T-4 Tankl	ess Heaters	Installed
Model	1	2	3	4
24-03	6.75			
24-04	7.5			
24-05	7.5			
24-06	7.5			
24-07	7.5	15		
24-08	7.5	15		
24-09	7.5	15	22.5	
24-10	7.5	15	22.5	
24-11	7.5	15	22.5	
24-12	7.5	15	22.5	30

#### Notes:

- Ratings are given in gallons per minute continuous flow of water heated from 40°F to 140°F with 200°F boiler water.
- For tankless heater quantities less than maximum allowable, it is important that water heaters be centrally located in the boiler.
   See Figure 8 for appropriate locations.
- 3. Tankless heater pressure drop is 5.5 PSI at **7.5 GPM.**

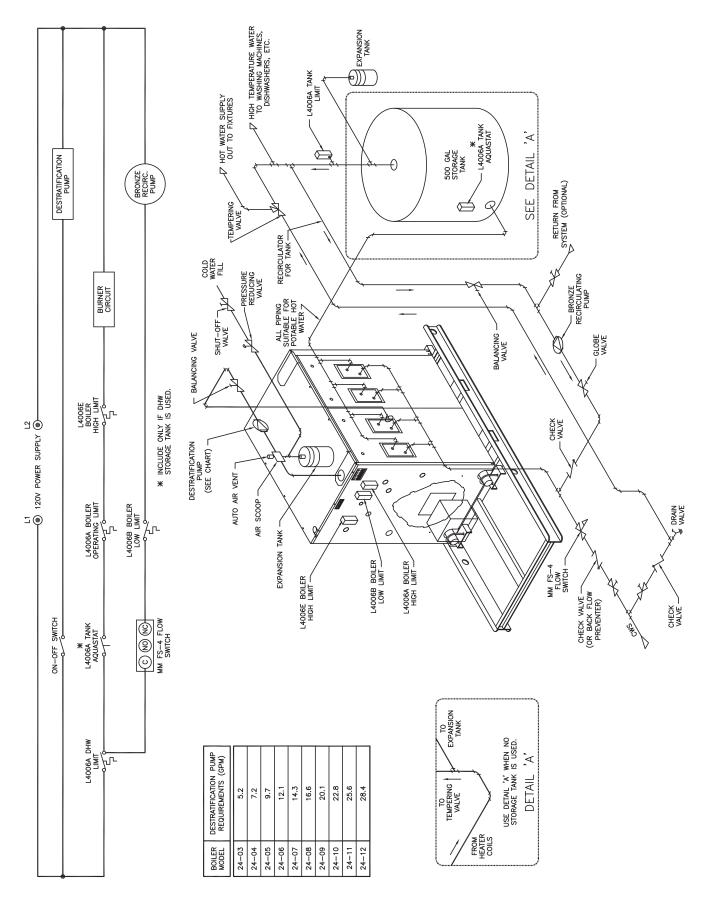


Figure 37b: DHW Generation with Tankless Coils, Storage Tank and Destratification Pump

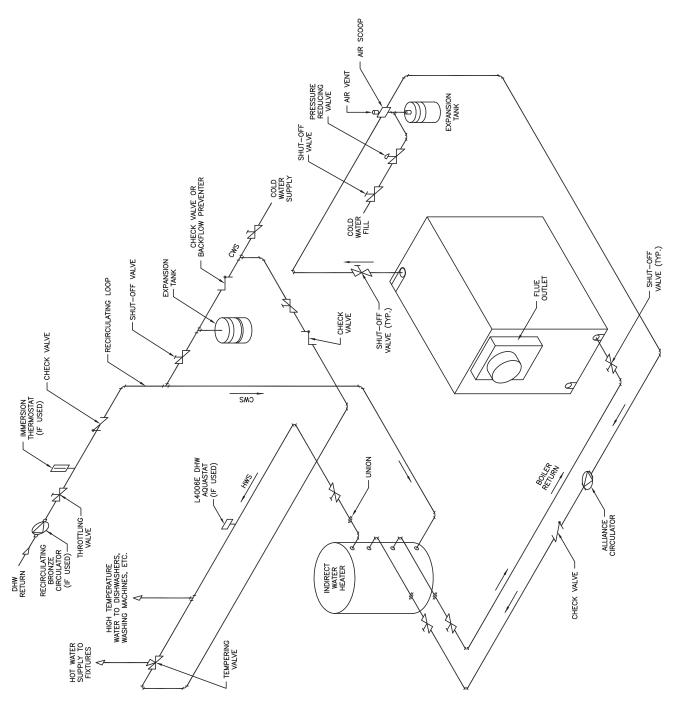


Figure 37c: DHW Generation with Indirect Water Heater

**N. ELECTRIC WIRING** - Install all field wiring in accordance with the National Electric Code and Local Regulations.

Control voltage and/or 3-phase line voltage must be supplied to the burner panel box through a fused disconnect.

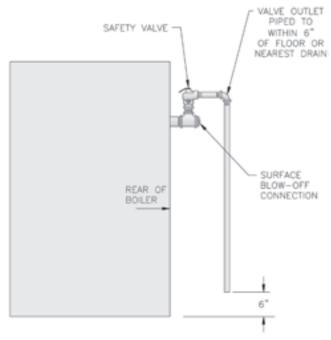


Figure 38a: Steam Boiler - Safety Valve Hook-up

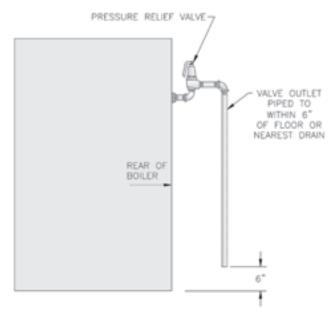


Figure 38b: Water Boiler - Pressure Relief Valve Hook-Up

#### SECTION IV - OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## **∆WARNING**

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage or personal injury.

If any unusual or improper operation or site conditions are observed, turn the boiler off and contact an experienced and skilled service agency.

Follow component manufacturer's instructions. Component manufacturer's instructions were provided with the boiler. Contact component manufacturer for replacement if instructions are missing. Do not install, start up, operate, maintain or service this boiler without reading and understanding all of the component instructions. Do not allow the boiler to operate with altered, disconnected or jumpered components. Only use replacement components identical to those originally supplied with the boiler and burner.

- A. ALWAYS INSPECT INSTALLATION BEFORE STARTING BURNER.
- B. FILL HEATING SYSTEM WITH WATER.

Boiler must be cleaned and fully free of oil and dirt.

# NOTICE

Failure to clean the system will result in erratic water lines and surging, and other improper system operations.

CLEAN HEATING SYSTEM IF boiler water or condensate return water is dirty or if erratic water lines or surging exist after a few days of boiler operation. Refer to Paragraph (F) for proper cleaning instructions for steam and water boilers.

- 1. STEAM BOILERS Fill boiler to normal water line. As shown in Figure 1, the normal water line is 41½" from the floor or bottom of casting. At the start of each heating season and once or twice during the season try SAFETY VALVE to be sure it is in working condition. To do this, fasten wire or cord to lever of valve and pull lever standing safe distance away from valve.
- 2. HOT WATER BOILERS Fill entire Heating System with water and vent air from system. Use the following procedure on a Series Loop or Multizoned System to remove air from system when filling:

- a. Close isolation valve in boiler supply piping.
- b. Isolate all circuits by closing zone valves or balancing valves.
- c. Attach a hose to bib cock located just below isolation valve in boiler supply piping.
  (Note Terminate hose in five gallon bucket at a suitable floor drain or outdoor area).
- d. Starting with one circuit, open zone valve.
- e. Open bib cock.
- f. Open fill valve (Make-up water line should be located directly above isolation valve in boiler supply piping).
- g. Allow water to overflow from bucket until discharge from hose is bubble free for 30 seconds.
- h. Open zone valve to the second zone to be purged, then close the first. Repeat this step until all zones have been purged, but always have one zone open. At completion, open all zone valves.
- Close bib cock, continue filling the system until
  the pressure gauge registers normal system
  design operating pressure. Close fill valve.
  (Note If make-up water line is equipped
  with pressure reducing valve, system will
  automatically fill to normal system design
  operating pressure. Leave globe valve open).
- j. Open isolation valve in boiler supply piping.
- k. Remove hose from bib cock.

# **ADANGER**

Do not operate boiler with pressure above maximum allowable working pressure listed on the Boiler Rating Label.

DO NOT draw water from boiler while in use. When adding water while boiler is in operation, do not open supply valve fully but add water slowly.

- **C. SET CONTROLS** with burner service switch turned "OFF".
  - 1. PRESS RESET BUTTON on primary control and release.
  - 2. On STEAM BOILERS set cut-in pressure on L404A Pressuretrol for three (3) PSI and differential pressure for two (2) PSI. These pressures may be varied to suit individual requirements of installation.
  - On STEAM BOILERS WITH TANKLESS DOMESTIC WATER HEATERS, set boiler water temperature dial on low limit operating control at 190°F (max.). Set differential at 10°.

- ON WATER BOILERS WITHOUT TANKLESS
   HEATERS, set high limit dial on L4006A at 210°F.
   This temperature may be varied to suit requirements
   of installation.
- ON WATER BOILERS WITH TANKLESS
   HEATERS, set low limit operating control dial at
   190°F and high limit dial 210°F. Operating control
   must be a minimum of 20° below high limit setting.
   Set differential at 25°.

#### **D.** ADJUST BURNER according to the Burner Manual.

#### 1. FLAME FAILURE

The Series 24 boiler controls operate the burner automatically. If for unknown reasons the burner ceases to fire and the reset button on the primary control is tripped, the burner has experienced ignition failure. Before pressing the reset button, call your serviceman immediately.

#### **△WARNING**

Do not attempt to start the burner when excess oil or gas has accumulated in the combustion chamber, when the unit is full of vapor, or when the combustion chamber is very hot.

#### E. TEST CONTROLS

# **△WARNING**

Before installation of the boiler is considered complete, the operation of the boiler controls should be checked, particularly the low water cutoff and the high limit control.

All controls must be checked prior to putting the boiler in service.

- CHECK OPERATING CONTROL OPERATION.
   Raise and lower operating control setting as required to start and stop burner.
- 2. CHECK OPERATION OF HIGH LIMIT CONTROL —

Jumper Operating Control Terminals. Allow burner to operate until shutdown by limit. Installation is not considered complete until this check has been made. REMOVE JUMPER.

3. CHECK LOW WATER CUTOFF control with water level at normal water line (see Figure 1). Raise operating control setting to allow burner to operate. Open boiler drain to allow water level to drop to bottom of sight glass until burner operation is shut down by low water cutoff.

Close boiler drain and refill to normal water line. Burner should automatically restart during fill. RESET OPERATING CONTROL.

## **A** CAUTION

Probe and float type low water cutoff devices require annual inspection and maintenance.

4. CHECK OPERATING CONTROL on boiler equipped with tankless heaters. With burner off, draw hot water until burner starts, then turn off hot water and check burner shutdown.

# F. BOILER AND SYSTEM CLEANING - STEAM BOILER

#### NOTICE

A qualified water treatment chemical specialist should be consulted for recommendations regarding appropriate chemical compounds and concentrations which are compatible with local environmental regulations.

## **AWARNING**

Chemicals used in treating boiler water are toxic and/or harmful. Always use protective clothing and equipment when working with/near chemicals. Contact local authorities to determine if treated boiler water can be discharged into local waste water system.

- Oil, greases & sediments which accumulate in a new boiler and piping must be removed in order to prevent an unsteady water line and carry over of the water into the supply main above boiler.
   Operate the boiler with steam in the entire system for a few days allowing the condensate to return to the boiler. If the condensate can temporarily be wasted, operate boiler only for the length of time it takes for condensate to run clear. If the latter cannot be achieved or if the condensate is returned to the boiler, boil out the boiler using the SURFACE BLOWOFF connection. See Figure 38a.
  - a. Drain boiler until water is just visible in gauge glass. Run temporarily 1½" pipe line from the surface blowoff connection to an open drain or some other location where hot water may be discharged safely. Do not install valve in this line.
  - b. Add an appropriate amount of recommended boilout compounds.
  - c. Start burner and operate sufficiently to boil the water without producing steam pressure. Boil for about 5 hours. Open boiler feed pipe sufficiently to permit a steady trickle of water from the surface blowoff pipe. Continue this slow boiling and trickle of overflow for several hours until the water coming from the overflow is clear.

- d. Stop burner and drain boiler in a manner and to a location that hot water can be discharged with safety.
- e. Refill boiler to normal water line. If water in gauge glass does not appear to be clear, repeat steps (a. thru e.), and boil out the boiler for a longer time.
- Low pressure steam boilers such as the Series 24 should be maintained with appropriate water treatment compounds. After cleaning process has been completed, add water treatment compounds as recommended by your local qualified water treatment company.
- 3. Remove temporary surface blowoff piping and replug tapping. Boil or bring water temperature to 180°F promptly in order to drive off the dissolved gases in the fresh water.
- 4. If unsteady water line, foaming or priming persist, install gate valve in Hartford Loop and drain valves in return main and at boiler and proceed as follows:
  - a. Connect hoses from drain cocks to floor drain. Close gate valve in Hartford Loop and open drain valve in return main. Fill boiler to normal water level, turn on burner and operate boiler at this water level for at least 30 minutes after the condensate begins to run hot, then turn off burner
    - Close all radiator valves. Remove all supply main air valves and plug the openings in supply main.
  - b. Draw about 5 gallons of hot water from boiler into a container and dissolve into it appropriate amount of a recommended boilout compound. Remove surface blowoff plug and pour this solution into boiler, then reinstall plug.
  - c. Turn on burner and keep operating while feeding water to boiler slowly. This will raise water level in boiler slowly so that water will be boiling hot and will rise slowly into supply main and back through return main, flowing from drain hose at about 180°F. Continue until water runs clear from drain hose for at least 30 minutes.
  - d. Stop feeding water to boiler but continue operating burner until excess water in boiler flows out through supply main and water lowers (by steaming) until it reaches normal level in boiler. Turn off burner. Drain boiler. Open all radiator valves. Reinstall all supply main air valves. Open gate valve in Hartford Loop.
  - e. When boiler has cooled down sufficiently (crown sheet of sections are not too hot to touch), close the drain cocks at boiler and in return main and feed water slowly up to normal level in boiler. Turn on burner and allow boiler to steam for 10 minutes then turn off burner. Draw off one quart of water from bottom gauge glass fitting and discard. Draw off another quart sample and

- if this sample is not clear, repeat the cycle of draining the boiler and return main and refilling the boiler until sample is clear.
- f. If the boiler water becomes dirty again at a later date due to additional sediment loosened up in the piping, close gate valve in Hartford Loop, open drain valve in return main, turn on burner and allow condensate to flow to drain until it has run clear for at least 30 minutes while feeding water to boiler so as to maintain normal water level. Turn off burner, drain boiler, open gate valve in Hartford Loop, then repeat step (1) above.

#### 5. Make pH or Alkalinity Test.

After boiler and system have been cleaned and refilled as previously described, test the pH of the water in the system. This can easily be done by drawing a small sample of boiler water and testing hydrion paper which is used in the same manner as litmus paper, except it gives specific readings. A color chart on the side of the small hydrion dispenser gives the reading in pH. Hydrion paper is inexpensive and obtainable from any chemical supply house or through your local druggist. The pH should be higher than 7, but lower than 11. Add some appropriate water treatment chemicals, if necessary to bring the pH within the specified range.

6. Boiler is now ready to be put into service.

# G. BOILER AND SYSTEM CLEANING - WATER BOILERS

- 1. Filling of Boiler and System --- General --- In a hot water heating system, the boiler and entire system (other than the expansion tank) must be full of water for satisfactory operation. Water should be added to the system until the boiler pressure gauge registers normal system design operating pressure. To insure that the system is full, water should come out of all air vents when opened.
- Boiling Out of Boiler and System. The oil and grease which accumulate in a new hot water boiler can be washed out in the following manner.
  - a. Remove safety relief valve using extreme care to avoid damaging it.
  - b. Add an appropriate amount of recommended boilout compound.
  - c. Reinstall safety relief valve.
  - d. Fill the entire system with water.
  - e. Start firing the boiler.
  - f. Circulate the water through the entire system.
  - g. Vent the system, including the radiation.
  - h. Allow boiler water to reach operating temperature, if possible.
  - i. Continue to circulate the water for a few hours.
  - j. Stop firing the boiler.

- k. Drain the system in a manner and to a location that hot water can be discharged with safety.
- Remove plugs from all available returns and wash the water side of the boiler as thoroughly as possible, using a high-pressure water stream.
- m. Refill the system with fresh water.
- Add appropriate boiler water treatment compounds as recommended by your local qualified water treatment company.
- 4. Make pH or Alkalinity Test.

After boiler and system have been cleaned and refilled as previously described, test the pH of the water in the system. This can easily be done by drawing a small sample of boiler water and testing with hydrion paper which is used in the same manner as litmus paper, except it gives specific readings. A color chart on the side of the small hydrion dispenser gives the reading in pH. Hydrion paper is inexpensive and obtainable from any chemical supply house or thru your local druggist. The pH should be higher than 7 but lower than 11. Add some appropriate water treatment chemicals, if necessary to bring the pH within the specified range. With this lower level of protection, care must be exercised to eliminate all of the free oxygen in the system.

5. Boiler is now ready to be put into service.

# NOTICE

IF, DURING NORMAL OPERATION, IT IS NECESSARY TO ADD MORE WATER PER MONTH THAN INDICATED BELOW, CONSULT A QUALIFIED SERVICE TECHNICIAN TO CHECK YOUR SYSTEM FOR LEAKS.

	EXCESSIVE WATER ADDITION: (Gal/Month)										
24-03	16½	24-08	44								
24-04	22	24-09	491/2								
24-05	271/2	24-10	55								
24-06	33	24-11	601/2								
24-07	381/2	24-12	66								

#### H. FREQUENT WATER ADDITION

A leaky system will increase the volume of make-up water supplied to the boiler which can significantly shorten the life of the boiler. Entrained in make-up water are dissolved minerals and oxygen. When the fresh, cool make-up water is heated in the boiler the minerals fall out as sediment and the oxygen escapes as a gas. Both can result in reduced boiler life. The accumulation of sediment can eventually isolate

the water from contacting the cast iron. When this happens the cast iron in that area gets extremely hot and eventually cracks. The presence of free oxygen in the boiler creates a corrosive atmosphere which, if the concentration becomes high enough, can corrode the cast iron through from the inside. Since neither of these failure types are the result of a casting defect, the warranty does not apply. The maintenance of system integrity is the best method to prevent these types of failure.

#### I. OXYGEN CORROSION:

## **△WARNING**

Oxygen contamination of the boiler water will cause corrosion of iron and steel boiler components, and can lead to boiler failure. Crown's standard warranty does not cover problems caused by oxygen contamination of boiler water or scale (lime) build-up caused by frequent addition of water.

There are many possible causes of oxygen contamination such as:

- a. Addition of excessive make-up water as a result of system leaks.
- b. Absorption through open tanks and fittings.
- c. Oxygen permeable materials in the distribution system.

In order to insure long product life, oxygen sources must be eliminated. This can be accomplished by taking the following measures:

- a. Repairing system leaks to eliminate the need for addition of make-up water.
- b. Eliminating open tanks from the system.
- c. Eliminating and/or repairing fittings which allow oxygen absorption.
- d. Use of non-permeable materials in the distribution system.
- e. Consult your local water treatment specialist for specific recommendations.

#### **Recommended Water Quality Requirements**

pH - 8.3 - 10.5

TDS - 3500 ppm (Max)

Total alkalinity ppm as CaCO<sub>3</sub> - 1200 (Max)

Total copper ppm - .05

Oily matter ppm -1

total harness ppm -3

chlorides - < 50 ppm

#### SECTION V - SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

# **ADANGER**

This boiler uses flammable gas, high voltage electricity, moving parts, and very hot water under high pressure. Assure that all gas and electric power supplies are off and that the water temperature is cool before attempting any disassembly or service.

More than one gas shut-off valve and electrical disconnect switch are used on the boiler. Assure that all gas valves and electrical disconnect switches are off before attempting any disassembly or service.

Do not attempt any service work if gas is present in the air in the vicinity of the boiler. Never modify, remove or tamper with any control device.

#### **△WARNING**

This boiler must only be serviced and repaired by skilled and experienced service technicians.

If any controls are replaced, they must be replaced with identical models.

Read, understand and follow all the instructions and warnings contained in all the sections of this manual.

If any electrical wires are disconnected during service, clearly label the wires and assure that the wires are reconnected properly.

NEVER operate boiler without all sight glasses and brackets in place and securely fastened and sealed. Very HOT combustion gas may cause burn injury.

Read, understand and follow all the instructions and warnings contained in ALL of the component instruction manuals.

Assure that all safety and operating controls and components are operating properly before placing the boiler back in service.

- **A. GENERAL** Inspection should be conducted annually. Service as frequently as specified in paragraphs below. While service or maintenance is being done, electrical power to the boiler must be "off".
- B. CLEAN THE BOILER HEATING SURFACES
   & FLUE at least once each year, preferably at the end of the heating season.
  - 1. CLEAN THE VENT SYSTEM Vent system should be checked annually for:
    - a. Obstructions.
    - b. Accumulations of soot.
    - c. Deterioration of vent pipe or vent accessories due to condensation or other reasons.
    - d. Proper support no sags, particularly in horizontal runs.
    - e. Tightness of joints.
    - f. Remove the smoke pipe. Remove all accumulations of soot with wire brush and vacuum. Remove all obstructions. Replace all deteriorated parts and support properly. Seal all ioints.
  - 2. CLEAN THE BOILER FLUEWAYS
    - a. Remove the jacket left side panels.

- b. Loosen nuts securing the flue cleanout plates and remove the plates. The insulation should be removed with the plates taking care not to damage the insulation.
- c. Using a 1¼" diameter wire or fibre bristle brush (36" handle) clean the flueways. Start at the top of each flueway opening and work down the pin rows using two or three horizontal strokes per row for best results.

#### 3. CLEAN TOP OF BOILER SECTIONS

Remove the jacket top panel. Remove the top flue canopy cover or outlet assembly. Use a flashlight to inspect the upper portion of the flueways and top of castings for soot and debris. Heavy accumulations over 1/16" thick must be removed. Remove the canopy being careful not to damage the cerafelt strips. Brush and vacuum the upper flueways and tops of castings.

#### 4. CLEAN THE FIREBOX

- a. Disconnect fuel line(s) and remove burner and burner mounting plate.
- b. Using wire or fibre bristle brush clean crown of boiler and inside of water legs.
- c. Inspect target wall (24-03 only) for damage or deterioration. If target wall is damaged, replace.

#### 5. REASSEMBLE BOILER

# A CAUTION

Do not start the burner unless canopy, smokepipe, burner mounting plate and all flue plates are secured in place.

- a. If removed, install the canopy taking care to align the cerafelt strips. If strips are damaged replace as needed.
- b. Reinstall burner mounting plate to front section making sure 3/16" diameter rope gasket is in place and forms gas tight seal. If gasket is damaged, replace.
- Bolt burner to burner mounting plate. Inspect gasket to assure adequate seal. Replace if damaged. Connect oil line(s) and/or gas line(s).
- d. Reinstall flue plates making sure gasket on each plate is in place and forms gas tight seal. If damaged, all edges of the cleanout plates should be sealed with Silastic sealant when reinstalled until insulation can be replaced.
- e. If removed, reinstall jacket top.
- f. Reinstall left side panels.
- g. Reinstall smokepipe.

# C. MAINTENANCE OF LOW WATER CUTOFF DEVICES.

# NOTICE

Probe and float type low water cutoff devices require annual inspection and maintenance.

#### 1. PROBE TYPE LOW WATER CUTOFF

Although these devices are solid state in their operation, the probe is exposed to possible contamination in the boiler water and subject to fouling.

It is important to physically remove the probe from the boiler tapping annually and inspect that probe for accumulation of scale or sediment.

Follow these steps to inspect, clean and/or replace the probe:

- a. Turn off electric service to the boiler.
- b. Drain boiler water to a level below the tapping for the probe.

# **ADANGER**

Assure that the boiler is at zero pressure before removing the LWCO probe. Do not rely on the pressure gauge to indicate that the boiler is at zero pressure. Open the safety valve to relieve all internal pressure prior to proceeding. Safety valve discharge piping must be piped such that the potential for burns is eliminated.

- c. Disconnect wiring connections between the low water cutoff control and the probe.
- d. Dismount the low water cutoff control from the probe.
- e. Unscrew the probe from the boiler tapping.
- f. Inspect that portion of the probe that is exposed to the boiler water for a scale or sediment buildup.
- g. Light deposits may be removed by wiping the probe with a damp cloth. Wiping the probe with a cloth soaked in vinegar will remove more tenacious lime deposits. The most stubborn deposits may be removed from the probe by using a diluted amount (three 3 parts of water to one (1) part) of phosphoric acid (H2PO4).

# **AWARNING**

Exercise caution when handling phosphoric acid and follow the instructions on container label. Always use protective clothing and equipment when working with/near chemicals.

- h. Wire brushing of the probe is not recommended as the soft platinum guard ring sandwiched between the ceramic insulators may be damaged. Care must be taken not to damage this ring in any way or the useful life of the probe may be shortened.
- i. Clean the pipe threads of the probe to remove old, hardened pipe dope and other foreign matter.
- j. Apply a moderate amount of good quality pipe dope to the pipe threads on the probe. Leaving the two end threads bare. Do not use PTFE (Teflon) tape.
- k. Screw the probe into the boiler tapping.
- 1. Mount the low water cutoff control on the probe.
- m. Reconnect the control to probe wiring.
- n. Fill the boiler to its normal waterline.
- o. Add boiler water treatment compound as needed.
- p. Restore electric service to the boiler.
- q. Fire burner to bring the water in the boiler to a boil to drive off free oxygen.
- r. BEFORE RETURNING BOILER TO SERVICE Follow the low water cutoff checkout procedure in Section IV, Paragraph E, Step 3.

#### 2. FLOAT TYPE LOW WATER CUTOFF

During the heating season, if an external low water cutoff is on the boiler, the blow off valve should be opened once a month (use greater frequency where conditions warrant), to flush out the sediment chamber so the device will be free to function properly.

Low water cutoffs and water feeders should be dismantled annually by qualified personnel, to the extent necessary to insure freedom from obstructions and proper functioning of the working parts. Inspect connecting lines to boiler for accumulation of mud, scale, etc., and clean as required. Examine all visible wiring for brittle or worn insulation and make sure electrical contacts are clean and that they function properly. Give special attention to solder joints on bellows and float when this type of control is used. Check float for evidence of collapse and check mercury bulb (where applicable) for mercury separation or discoloration. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REPAIR MECHANISMS IN THE FIELD. Complete replacement mechanisms, including necessary gaskets and installation instructions, are available from the manufacturer.

- **D.** CHECK BURNER AND CONTROLS at least once a year. See Section IV Operating Instructions, Paragraph E for control checks. See Burner Manual for burner tests and adjustments.
- **E. LUBRICATE BOILER COMPONENTS** according to manufacturer's instructions. Generally, this involves the oil burner and circulator. This includes the type of lubricant to use, frequency of lubrication, and points to lubricate.

#### F. GENERAL MAINTENANCE CONSIDERATIONS

- 1. Keep radiators and convectors clean.
- If a hot water radiator is hot at the bottom but not at the top, it indicates that air has accumulated inside and should be vented. To vent radiator, hold small cup under air vent (located near top of radiator), open vent until water escapes and then close.
- If much water is added to system, it is advisable to heat system to a high temperature and vent again. This will make less venting necessary during the winter.

- 4. Where an expansion tank is used, make sure that neither the tank nor its drain pipe is exposed to freezing temperatures. Never place valves in piping leading to or from expansion tank.
- 5. Boiler and system cleaning will help assure trouble free operation. See Section IV Operating Instructions, Paragraphs F or G for procedure.

# G. ATTENTION TO BOILER WHILE NOT IN OPERATION

# **△WARNING**

If boiler is not used during winter time, it must be fully drained to prevent freeze damage.

- 1. Spray inside surfaces with light lubricating or crankcase oil using gun with extended stem so as to reach all corners.
- 2. With steam boilers, at end of season add sufficient water to fill boiler to top of water column and leave it that way until fall when water should be drained again to proper level. If at this time boiler water is dirty, drain water, flush out boiler, and refill with clean water to prescribed water level.
- 3. Always keep the manual fuel supply valve shut off when the burner is shut down for an extended period of time.
- To recondition the heating system in the fall season after a prolonged shut down, follow the instructions outlined in Section IV - Operating Instructions, Paragraphs B through G.

# **SECTION VI - BURNER SPECIFICATIONS**

# NOTICE

Series 24 boiler ratings and capacities are based upon the following burners, pump pressures, nozzle sizes and manifold pressures. Refer to instructions furnished with burner for additional information regarding proper installation, fuel piping, wiring details, burner adjustments, service instructions and burner start-up.

**Table V: Beckett Burner Specifications** 

#### **OIL BURNERS**

Boiler	Burner	Burner	Burner	Air Tube		Burn	er Setti	ngs		Pu Pressu	mp re (PSI)	Nozzle	Nozzle Data
Model	Input (GPH)	Mfr.	Model	Comb.	Head	Air Shutter	Air Band	Air Damper Low High		Low Fire	High Fire	Make	GPH x Angle-Type
24-03	3.1	Beckett	CF-500	CF60KK	2	10	3	N/A	N/A		150	Hago	2.50 x 45° - P
24-04	4.2	Beckett	CF-800	CF80KH	1	8	0	N/A	N/A		150	Hago	3.40 x 45° - P
24-05	5.6	Beckett	CF-800	CF80KH	2	10	6	N/A	N/A		150	Hago	4.50 x 45° - P
24-06	7.0	Beckett	CF-1400	CF66KD	3	N/A	N/A	2.75	4.0	150	300	Hago	4.00 x 60° - P
24-07	8.3	Beckett	CF-1400	CF66KD	4	N/A	N/A	3.0	6.5	150	275	Hago	5.00 x 45° - P
24-08	9.6	Beckett	CF-1400	CF66KEE	1	N/A	N/A	3.5	8.5	150	300	Hago	5.50 x 45° - P
24-09	11.6	Beckett	CF-2300A	CF66KG	0	N/A	N/A	2.0	4.0	150	275	Hago	7.00 x 45° - P
24-10	13.2	Beckett	CF-2300A	CF66KG	1	N/A	N/A	2.0	6.0	150	275	Hago	8.00 x 45° - P
24-11	14.8	Beckett	CF-2500	CF66KP	0	N/A	N/A	0.5	3.0	275	275	Hago	(L) 4.50 x 45° - P
24-12	16.4	Beckett	CF-2500	CF66KP	0	N/A	N/A	0.5	4.0	275	275	Hago	(H) 5.00 x 45° - P

#### **GAS BURNERS**

Boiler	Burner	Purpor	Purpor		Damper	Settings		Manifold Pre	essure - "W.C.	Minimum Inlet Pressure
Model	Input (MBH)	Burner Mfr.	Burner Model	Low Fire	High Fire	Shutter	Band	Low Fire (Start)	High Fire	- "W.C.
24-03	447	Beckett	CG10.1S			10	1	(1.3)	2.5	3.24
24-04	606	Beckett	CG10.4S			5	2	(1.3)	2.6	3.64
24-05	808	Beckett	CG10.5S			7	1	(1)	3.3	4.61
24-06	1010	Beckett	CG10.6S			10	6	(1.1)	3.64	5.43
24-07	1198	Beckett	CG15.3S	18	43			0.9	3.1	5.31
24-08	1386	Beckett	CG15.4S	21	63			0.95	3.3	6.14
24-09	1674	Beckett	CG25.2S	23	47			0.8	3.43	4.69
24-10	1905	Beckett	CG25.3S	26	52			0.8	3.44	4.94
24-11	2136	Beckett	CG25.4S	28	58			0.8	3.0	4.88
24-12	2367	Beckett	CG50.2S	10	25			0.8	2.1	3.87

# **SECTION VII - REPAIR PARTS**

The following parts may be obtained from any Crown distributor. To find the closest Crown distributor, consult the area Crown representative or the factory at:

Crown Boiler Co. Customer Service P.O. Box 14818 Philadelphia, PA 19134 www.crownboiler.com

# **SERIES 24 MASTER PARTS LIST**

																								-
	S BOILER CARTON	e∀Đ	1 EA.	331101	331102	331103	331104	331105	331106	331107	331108	331109	331110	331111	331112	331113	331114	331115	331116	331117	331118	331119	331120	
	ВОІГЕК САКТОИ	110	1 EA.	331001	331002	331003	331004	331005	331006	331007	331008	331009	331010	331011	331012	331013	331014	331015	331016	331017	331018	331019	331020	-
	ACKET CARTON	ſ	1 EA.	330203	330204	330205	330206	330207	330208	330209	330210	330211	330212	330203	330204	330205	330206	330207	330208	330209	330210	330211	330212	0 1 10 1
	ИОГЯ САВТОИ	0	1 EA.	330123	330124	330125	330126	330127	330128	330129	330130	330131	330132	330123	330124	330125	330126	330127	330128	330129	330130	330131	330132	, 000000 - 40° - 40° - 1
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	NER LATE TON	<u>"</u> 4	330404				1	-	-	1	1	1	-				1	1	-	-	_	_	_	I CO I I I I I C I C I C I C I C I C I C
	BURNER MTG PLATE CARTON	8	330408	-	_	_								-	-	_								i i
١	GET WALL CARTO	ЯАТ	330025	_										1										
	NOTAAO MIAT MAE	STE	331220											1	1	-	1	1	_	7	-	1	7	
	ИОТЯАЭ МІЯТ ЯЭТ	.AW	331210	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1											!
	ME OBS. CARTON	/7J	330020	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	TLET	12	330136									1	1									1	1	
	REAR FLUE OUTLET CARTON	10	330132						1	1	1								1	1	1			
	R FLU CAR	8	330134			-	-	1								1	1	1						L
	REAF	2	330133	1	1									1	1									2
	ZXZ	Н	331202			-			1	2		1	2			1			1	2		1	2	Ĺ
	SECTION JOINER CARTON	9	331201		1		1	2	1		3	7	1		1		1	7	1		3	2	_	1000
	מיט	Ь	331200	1			1							1			1							0
	(KEA # 4)	"CX	330003																				_	
SECTIONS	TER 1 (KEY # 2)	CEN	330002	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	1	7	3	4	9	9	7	8	6	6	1
SECT	K (KEA # 5)	BYC	330001	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	_	_	0
	NT (KEY#1)	РВО	330000	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	1	1	7	1	1	1	7	
	DESCRIPTION		CROWN PART # OR QUANTITY.	24-03W	24-04W	24-05W	24-06W	24-07W	₹ 24-08W		24-10W	24-11W	24-12W	24-03S	24-04S	24-05S	24-06S	≥ 24-07S	24-08S		24-10S	24-11S	24-12S	7:4 v H Li : LH ():4 \ 7
			S						, •	*										-				J

1) NOTE: IF TANKLESS HEATERS (\*PN 330020) ARE USED, REPLACE ONE INTERMEDIATE SECTION WITH COIL SECTION (\*PN 330004, KEY # 3) FOR EACH TANKLESS HEATERS

# 2 JADIET REJE PANEL (G) JACKET INTERMEDIATE/REARMIND RICHT SOE PANEL THUMB HOLE BUSHING (THP ALL PANELS) JACKET PAVEL DENTIFICATION NO. (SEE RIGHT SIDE USAGE CHART) (4) JADSET LÜNER TE BUR PANEL JACKET SNOLE/FIDPAMPD RICHT SDE PAVEL 3 JADOETT UPPER TE BAR PANEL S JACKET TOP PANEL ASME DATA LABEL BURNHAW LDGD PLATE **SECTION VII - REPAIR PARTS (CONTINUED)** JACKET FRONT PANEL (1) COMBINATION RATING LABEL MBEL LOWEST PERMISSBLE -MATER LENGL PLATE (STEAM ONLY) JACKET REJAMINAD LEFT (B) SOCE PAVEL RETURN TEMPERATURE CONTROL BRACKET #8 x 🛊 LC. SELF TAPPING SCREW (4 RED'D) #10-32 x ½ LC. SELF TAPPING SCREW FOR ATTACHMENT OF JACKET FROME & RECAP PAMELS TO CAST ROW BLOCK (8 REGD) JACKET INTERMEDIATE LEFT SOE PANEL JACKET FORMARD LEFT (6) JACKET PANEL DENTIFICATION NO. (SEE LEFT SDE USAGE CHART)

Figure 39: Series 24 Jacket Assembly (Boiler Models 24-03 thru 24-12)

#### **JACKET CARTON**

	CROWN CARTON PART #		330203	330204	330205	330206	330207	330208	330209	330210	330211	330212
KEY	DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART#	24-03	24-04	24-05	24-06	24-07 DAN	24-08 TITY	24-09	24-10	24-11	24-12
1	FRONT JACKET PANEL	330310	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	REAR JACKET PANEL	330320	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 3 SEC.	330333	2									
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 4 SEC.	330334		2								
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 5 SEC.	330335			2							
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 6 SEC.	330336				2						
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 7 SEC.	330337					2					
3	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 8 SEC.	330338						2				
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 9 SEC.	330339							2			
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 10 SEC.	330340								2		
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 11 SEC.	330341									2	
	UPPER TIE BAR ASSY, 12 SEC.	330342									_	2
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 3 SEC.	330343	2									
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 4 SEC.	330344		2								
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 5 SEC.	330345			2							
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 6 SEC.	330346				2						
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 7 SEC.	330347				_	2					
4	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 8 SEC.	330348						2				
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 9 SEC.	330349							2			
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 10 SEC.	330350								2		
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 11 SEC.	330351								_	2	
	LOWER TIE BAR ASSY, 12 SEC.	330352									_	2
	TOP PANEL, 3 SEC.	330323	1									
	TOP PANEL, 4 SEC.	330324		1								
	TOP PANEL, 5 SEC.	330325		'	1							
	TOP PANEL, 6 SEC.	330326				1						
	TOP PANEL, 7 SEC.	330327				'	1					
5	TOP PANEL, 8 SEC.	330328						1				
	TOP PANEL, 9 SEC.	330329						•	1			
	TOP PANEL, 10 SEC.	330330							'	1		
	TOP PANEL, 11 SEC.	330331									1	
	TOP PANEL, 12 SEC.	330332										1
	LEFT SIDE PANEL, L5	330370	1			1			1			1
6	LEFT SIDE PANEL, L10	330371	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
_	LEFT SIDE PANEL, L11	330371	-	1		'	1			1	'	
8	LEFT SIDE PANEL, L17	330373		· •	1			1			1	
	LEFT SIDE PANEL, L18	330374				1	1	1	2	2	2	3
	RIGHT SIDE PANEL, R15	330360	1			'	1					
	RIGHT SIDE PANEL, R13	330361	'	1			'	1				1
9	RIGHT SIDE PANEL, R24	330362		'			1	1	1			2
_	RIGHT SIDE PANEL, R27	330363			1		'	'	1	1		
'	RIGHT SIDE PANEL, R27	330364			'				'	1	1	
	RIGHT SIDE PANEL, R33	330365				1				'	1	
11	THUMB HOLE BUSHING	330390	3	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	8	11
1 1	10-32 X 1/2 SELF TAP MACH SCREW	330390	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
	#8 X 3/4 SHEET METAL SCREW		34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
	#U A J/4 SHILL I WILLAL SUREW		54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54

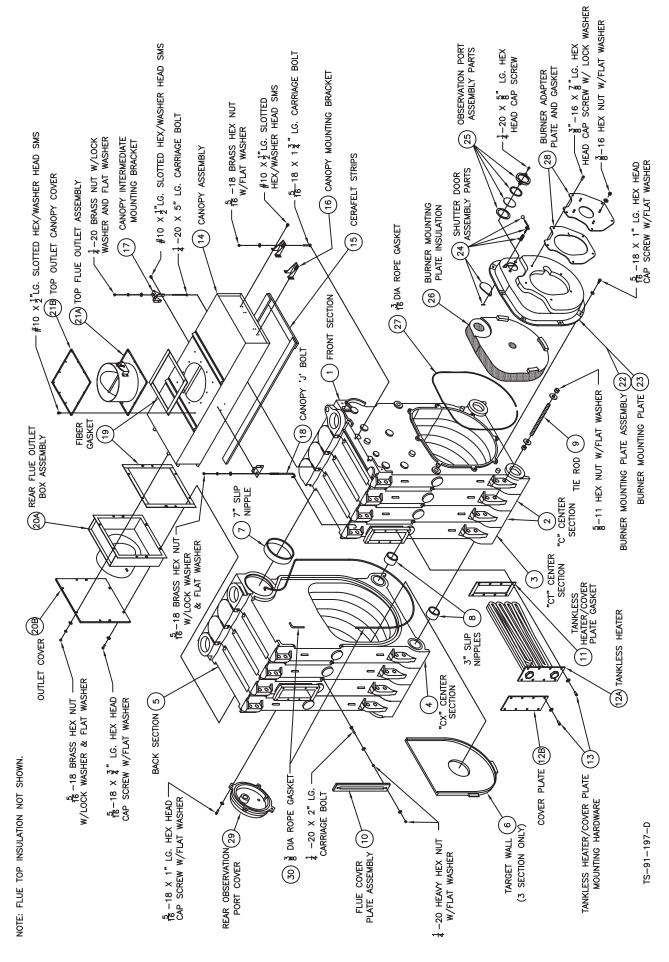


Figure 40: Bare Boiler Assembly

# SECTION JOINER CARTON ASSY

KEV	DESCRIPTION	CROWN	(	TITNAUÇ	Y
IXL I	DESCRIPTION	PART #	"F"	"G"	"H"
7	7" PUSHNIPPLE	310005	2	3	4
8	3" PUSHNIPPLE	310006	4	6	8
9	5/8 X 9 3/4 TIE ROD	900310	8	12	16
	5/8 HEAVY HEX NUT (GRADE 9)	900307	16	24	32
	5/8 HI-STRENGTH FLAT WASHER	900308	16	24	32
	LOCTITE # 592, 50 ml TUBE	900350	1	2	2
	GASKET ROPE, 3/8 DIA x 96"	330033	2 ft	3 ft	4 ft
	ROPE ADHESIVE	330032	1	1	1
	SIL-BOND, RTV 6500, 10.3 OZ TUBE	900046	2	3	3
10	FLUE CLEANOUT COVER ASSY.	330031	2	3	4
	1/4-20 X 2" CARRIAGE BOLT		4	6	8
	1/4 FLAT WASHER		8	12	16
	1/4-20 HEX NUT		4	6	8
	1/4-20 BRASS HEX NUT		4	6	8

# **CANOPY CARTON**

							QUAI	YTITY				
KEY	DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART#	24-03	24-04	24-05	24-06	24-07	24-08	24-09	24-10	24-11	24-12
	3-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330123	1									
	4-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330124		1								
	5-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330125			1							
	6-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330126				1						
14	7-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330127					1					
14	8-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330128						1				
	9-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330129							1			
	10-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330130								1		
	11-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330131									1	
	12-SEC. CANOPY CARTON	330132										1
15	1/2 X 2" CERAFELT GASKET	9206003	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
19	TAPE GASKET, 1/8 X 1 X 11FT	7206024	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
16	END CANOPY HOLD-DOWN BRKT	71129002	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	5/16 X 1 3/4 CARRIAGE BOLT		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	5/16 LOCK WASHER		5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7
	5/16 FLAT WASHER		11	11	11	11	12	12	12	13	13	13
	5/16 BRASS HEX NUT		5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7
	5/16 LOCK NUT		2	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4
	#10 X 1/2 HWH SHEET METAL SCREW		24	24	24	24	30	30	30	36	36	36
	5/16 X 3/4 CAP SCREW		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
17	SIDE CANOPY HOLD DOWN BRACKET	71129007	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
18	"J" BOLT	80861679	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
	1/4-20 X 5" CARRIAGE BOLT		0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
	1/4-20 BRASS HEX NUT		0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2
	1/4-20 LOCK WASHER		0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2

# **REAR FLUE OUTLET CARTON**

KEV	DESCRIPTION	CROWN		QUAI	VTITY	
NE I	DESCRIPTION	PART#	7	8	10	12
	7" REAR OUTLET DAMPER ASSY	333007	1			
20A	8" REAR OUTLET DAMPER ASSY	333008		1		
207	10" REAR OUTLET DAMPER ASSY	333010			1	
	12" REAR OUTLET DAMPER ASSY	333012				1
	TOP OUTLET COVER, 7"& 8" OPENING	333017	1	1		
21B	TOP OUTLET COVER, 10" OPENING	333020			1	
	TOP OUTLET COVER, 12" OPENING	333022				1

# **BURNER MOUNTING PLATE CARTON**

KEV	DESCRIPTION	CROWN	QUAI	YTITY
KL I	DESCRIPTION	PART #	8"	4"
	B.M.P., 4" CARTON COMPLETE*	330404	0	1
	B.M.P., 8" CARTON COMPLETE*	330408	1	0
	5/16 X 1" CAP SCREW	900410	8	8
23	5/16" WASHER	900102	8	8
23	3/8 X 7/8 CAP SCREW	900450	5	5
	3/8 FLAT WASHER	90-036	4	4
	3/8 LOCK WASHER		9	9
	FLEXROPE, 3/16" DENSE	333005	6.5 ft	6.5 ft

# **BURNER ADAPTOR PLATE CARTON**

KEV	DESCRIPTION	CROWN	QUANTITY						
IXL I	DESCRIPTION	PART #	920	921	922	923	924		
	BECKETT B.A.P. ASSY, 920	330400	1						
	BECKETT B.A.P. ASSY, 921	330401		1					
28	BECKETT B.A.P. ASSY, 922	330402			1				
20	BECKETT B.A.P. ASSY, 923	330403				1			
	BECKETT B.A.P. ASSY, 924	330404					1		
	BURNER ADAPTOR PLATE GASKET	333405	1	1	1				

# REAR FLAME OBSERVATION PORT CARTON

KEY	DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	QUANTITY
	REAR FLAME OBSERVATION PORT ASSY	333000	1
29	5/16 X 1" CAP SCREW		4
29	5/16" WASHER		4
	FLEXROPE, 3/16" DENSE	333005	2.83 ft

# **REAR TARGET WALL CARTON**

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART#	QUANTITY
TARGET WALL	335025	1

# STANDARD STEAM TRIM CARTON ASSY.

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	QUANTITY
LWCO, #67	400682	1
GLASS SET (11.25" CTR TO CTR)	950082	1
L404F1367	3503800	1
1/2 X 3 BR NIPPLES	95-116	2
1/2" BR. UNION	95-150	2
1/2 X CL BRASS NIPPLE	95-147	2
3/4 BLACK EXTENSION	95-090	1
3/4 X 1/4 BRASS BUSHING	950016	1
90 DEG. BRASS PIGTAIL	95-060B	1
PRESSURE GAUGE	95-070	1
1/2 X 1/4 BRASS BUSHING	95-146	1
3/4" RECESSED HEAD PLUG	950265	3
1" NPT RECESSED HEAD PLUG	950270	4
3" SQ. HD PLUG	950273	2
3 X 1 1/4 BLK BUSHING	950275	1
1-1/2 X 4 BLK NIPPLE	950124	1
1-1/2 BLK TEE	950180	1
1-1/2 BLK SQ. HD PLUG	95-143	1

# STANDARD WATER TRIM CARTON ASSY.

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART#	QUANTITY
L4006A2015	35-3510	1
3/4 LONG WELL	35-1020	1
TRIDICATOR GAUGE	95-038	1
1/2 X 1/4 BLK BUSHING	95-053	1
3 X 3/4 BLK BUSHING	950035	1
1/2" NPT RECESSED HEAD PLUG	950260	2
3/4" NPT RECESSED HEAD PLUG	950265	3
1" NPT RECESSED HEAD PLUG	950270	4
3" PLUG	950273	2
4" PLUG	950274	1

#### **Tankless Coil Components**

KEY	DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	QUANTITY
	S24 TANKLESS HEATER CARTON INCLUDES:	330020	1
12A	S-24 TANKLESS HEATER		1
11	GASKET	330021	1
	3/8 X 7/8 "ASME BOLTS"		8
	3/8 WASHER		8

#### **CSD-1 Packages**

#### A. WATER

DESCRIPTION	CROWN	QUANTITY		
DESCRIFTION	PART#	QUANTITI		
HYDROLEVEL 550 LWCO	450560	1		
L4006E1109	35-3100	1		
3/4 LONG WELL	35-1020	1		

#### **B. STEAM GRAVITY RETURN**

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	QUANTITY
#64 LWCO	40-640	1
STEAM FITTING PACKAGE	332001	1

#### C. STEAM PUMPED RETURN

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART#	QUANTITY
#150S-MD LWCO	40-160	1
STEAM FITTING PACKAGE	332001	1

#### D. STEAM FITTING PACKAGE

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	QUANTITY
3/4 BLACK EXTENSION	95-090	1
3/4 X 1/4 BRASS BUSHING	950016	1
90 DEG. BRASS PIGTAIL	95-060B	1
L404C1147	35-3020	1
#11M SWITCH	400100	1

# **Top Flue Outlet**

DESCRIPTION	CROWN	QUANTITY
DESCRIPTION	PART #	QUANTITY
TOP FLUE OUTLET CARTON, 7"	330133	1
TOP FLUE OUTLET CARTON, 8"	330134	1
TOP FLUE OUTLET CARTON, 10"	330135	1
TOP FLUE OUTLET CARTON, 12"	330136	1

# **Miscellaneous Optional Components**

DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	QUANTITY
BASE RAIL SET, 4-5 SEC.	330604	1
BASE RAIL SET, 6-7 SEC.	330606	1
BASE RAIL SET, 8-9 SEC.	330608	1
BASE RAIL SET, 9-10 SEC.	330610	1
BASE RAIL SET, 11-12 SEC.	330612	1
POLYETHYLENE BLOCK	330010	1
3-WAY VALVE FLANGE KIT: 2-1/2" FLG x 2-1/2" NPT	332950	1
3-WAY VALVE FLANGE KIT: 3" FLANGE x 3" NPT	332953	1

	1-1/5 X 1-1/4 BFK BN2HING	<b>∠</b> †0-96			7	7	1	7							1	1	1	1				
	1-1/5 X 1 BFK BNSHING	981096		1										1								
	1-1\Z X 3\4 BFK BOSHING	960-96	l										1									
	15 PSI SAFETY VALVE, CONBRACO 13-214	979096							1	1	1	1							1	1	1	1
	15 PSI SAFETY VALVE, CONBRACO 13-213	029096			1	1	1	1							1	1	1	1				
	15 PSI SAFETY VALVE, CONBRACO 13-202	919096		1										1								
	15 PSI SAFETY VALVE, CONBRACO 13-211	019096	1										1									
(ETT)	4" BLACK PLUG	₽ <b>८</b> 2056	1	1	1	1							1	1	1	1						
3ECK	1 1/4 X 1 BUSHING	261096			1	1	1	1							1	1	1	1				
BOILER CARTON ASSY (BECKETT	1 1/4 X 3/4 BNSHING	860096	1	1									1	1								
N AS	NOZZLE INSTRUCTIONS	614086			1		1			1		1										
RTO	HAGO 8.00/45P NOZZLE	130190								1												
R CA	HAGO 5.00/45P NOZZLE	13-074					1					2										
JILE	HAGO 4.50/45P NOZZLE	130182			1																	
≥	#10 X 1/2" SHEET METAL SCREWS	212-06	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
STEA	MINIMUM SAFE WATER LEVEL PLATE	091086	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	NIPPLE GAUGE	026086	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YTNAЯЯAW	814086	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	JAUNAM NOITAJJATSNI	Z14086	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	BTAJG PLATE	111-86	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	DESCRIPTION	CROWN PART #	24-03SO	24-04SO	24-05SO	24-06SO	24-07SO	24-08SO	24-09SO	24-10SO	24-11SO	24-12SO	24-03SG	24-04SG	24-05SG	24-06SG	24-07SG	24-08SG	24-09SG	24-10SG	24-11SG	24-12SG

1-1/4 X CF BFK NIBBFE 160-39 1-1/t ELBOW 890-96 1-1/t X t BLK NIPPLE 62-033 1-1/5 X 1-1/4 BLK BUSHING Z70-96 011096 1 X CF BFK NIBBFE 1 ELBOW 061096 t11096 1 X 4 BLK NIPPLE 1-1/5 X 1 BLK BUSHING 981096 \_ 3/4 X CF BFK NIPPLE 901-96 3/4 ELBOW **490-96** 3/4 X 3 BLK NIPPLE 470-96 \_ 1-1/5 X 3/4 BLK BUSHING 960-96 CONBRACO 10-616-05 009096 30 PSI RELIEF VALVE, CONBRACO 10-615-05 7E1-96 30 PSI RELIEF VALVE, CONBRACO 10-614-05 180-96 30 PSI RELIEF VALVE, CONBRACO 10-408-05 070-96 30 PSI RELIEF VALVE, 3" BLACK SQ. HD PLUG 950273 0 NOZZLE INSTRUCTIONS 614086 HAGO 8.00/45P NOZZLE 130190 HAGO 5.00/45P NOZZLE 13-074 HAGO 4.50/45P NOZZLE 130185 980920 **NIPPLE GAUGE** WARRANTY SHEET 814086 JAUNAM NOITAJJATSNI 714086 **BATING PLATE** 111-86 DESCRIPTION 24-11WO 24-12WO 24-03WG 24-07WO 24-08WO 24-09WO 24-10WO 24-04WG 24-05WG 24-06WG 24-07WG 24-08WG 24-09WG **CROWN PART** 24-03WO 24-04WO 24-05WO 24-06WO 24-10WG 24-11WG 24-12WG

# **SERVICE RECORD**

SERVICE PERFORMED

DATE	SERVICE PERFORMED

# **SERVICE RECORD**

DATE	SERVICE PERFORMED



Manufacturer of Hydronic Heating Products P.O. Box 14818 3633 I. Street Philadelphia, PA 19134 www.crownboiler.com